Stat Library

The North Carolinian.

VOLUME IV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1873. NUMBER 27-8.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 inches	2 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
¼ col'n	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
½ col'n	8 00	12 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
1 col'n	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the Directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

Liberal deduction, by special contract, to large advertisers.

Court advertisements when not exceeding three inches, will be $6.50. For each additional inch $2 extra will be charged.

Divorce Notices $6. Administrator's Notices $5.50

OBITUARY NOTICES, embracing more than the ordinary announcement of death, and obituary poetry, ten cents a line.

SPECIAL NOTICES at fifty per cent. in addition to regular rates.

BUSINESS NOTICES IN READING COLUMNS—Ten cents per line for first insertion, and six cents per line for every subsequent insertion.

NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMN—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

All transient advertisements and job work must be paid for when ordered.

Persons lifting and using the papers addressed to others, become subscribers and are liable for the price of the paper.

By Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

C. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. R. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE, & Bro. drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y

DR. KREBS & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c. South East cornor of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

ZENAS FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 55 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 47-1y.

W. M. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly. Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, propristor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO.'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

W. C. DAWSON'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, at 6½.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of May.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—T. A. Commander, J. H. Ziegler, J. Russel Bass, Lancaster Brothers and Jno. Ballance Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, J. H. Shaw. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—S. School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p m.——Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overby,—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.——Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Achoree, Lodge No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Thursday evening.——Talula Encampment No. 8 I. O. O. F., meets on 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month.——Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity. —Meets alternate Tuesday nights.——Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.

MASONIC.—Eureka Lodge, meets on first Monday night of each month.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, B C Brothers; Coroner, Miles Commander; Register of Deeds, John T. Price; Surveyor, J. Q. A. Wood; Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones; Commissioners, C. W. Smith, Edmund Daily, J. S. Wilcox, Emanuel Davis and Abraham Morris; Commissioner's Attorney, W. H. Smith.—Representative, F. M. Godfrey.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford; Solicitor, WILLIS BAGLEY, of Perquimans.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S. T. Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at ElizCity; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington, Wm. Larkins Clerk

BUSINESS CARDS.

NEWS EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having purchased the Elizabeth City "News Emporium," has removed it to Water Street, where he will keep the Newspapers and Periodicals of the day. Also

STATIONERY,

of all kinds, as Writing Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Blank Books, &c.

P. W. MELICK.

ELIZABETH CITY, June 20th.—6m.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan. 20, '70.

ELIZABETH CITY SKATING RINK,

J. M. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

The regular Skating Assemblies will be held in Wood's Hall, on Road street on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 7½ o'clock. 10-tf.

I. A. COHN,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

CAPS,

DRESS GOODS

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDIZE.

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

The cheapest place in the City. 3-tf

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338 CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see.

WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870.

1y.

BRICK! BRICK!!

AT THE ELIZABETH CITY BRICK YARD

I am prepared to furnish Brick at all times and in quantities to suit purchasers. Parties desiring brick for building, paving, or for any other use, are respectfully solicited to call at my yard and examine for themselves both as to quality and price.

E. B. BROWER.

ELIZ. CITY, Jan. 18th, 1872-1y.

J. M. MATHEWS,

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE—GUIRKIN BUILDING NEAR COR. MAIN & ROAD STS.,

44-tf. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

R. K. SPEED.— —JOHN BLACK.

SPEED & BLACK,

General Life, Fire and Marine In's Ag'ts

S. W. corner of Main and Road St.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Capital Represented $40,000,000.

Issues every *desirable* kind of Life Policy, *Mutual and Stock.*

Insurable property placed in *First-class* Companies *at lowest rates.*

Will adjust *Life and Fire* losses in any part of Eastern North Carolina.

April 11th, 1872.-1yr.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

PROFESSIONAL.

WALTER CLARK.— —J. M. MULLEN.

CLARK & MULLEN,

Attorneys at Law,

Halifax, N. C.

PRACTICE in all the courts of Halifax, Northampton, Edgecomb and Martin Counties, in the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of North Carolina.

N. B. One of the firm will attend at office in Scotland Neck on Saturday of every week.

March 7th, 1872.—1yr.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870–1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26 1870-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

This unrivaled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all diseases of the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the BLOOD, stimulating the torpid LIVER and BOWELS, and imparting new Life and Vigor to the whole system. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is acknowledged to have no equal as a

LIVER MEDICINE,

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, viz: a gentle Cathartic, a wonderful Tonic, an unexceptionable Alterative and a certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use, that it is now regarded as the

GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC

for LIVER COMPLAINT and the painful offspring thereof, to wit: DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Billious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent.

CHILLS AND FEVER.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

Is manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA.

Price $1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, $1.04. Prepared ready for use $1.00 and $1.50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Beware of all Counterfeits and Imitations.

Dec. 18th, 1872.-1yr.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—

Having purchased Winner's Gallery I take this method of announcing to my friends and the public that I will continue the business in all its departments. Having had over a dozen years experience I flatter myself to be able to give full satisfaction. My instruments and material are all of the very best. My sky light is of the latest improved, enabling me to take pictures in cloudy weather as well as clear. All work guaranteed or the picture taken over or the money refunded.

WM. C. DAWSON.

E. City, May 11, 1871.—tf.

J. S. LISTER.— —THOS. O. TOWE

NEW GOODS

AT VERY LOW PRICES AT THE *STORE OF*

LISTER & TOWE,

On ROAD ST, 2 Doors South of Lawrence,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The stock comprises a well made selection of all kinds of general merchandize which will be sold at the very lowest possible prices.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. 18-tf.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!

I will pay the highest Cash price for Furs of all kinds; also Cast and Wrought Iron, Rags, Nets, Eggs, Hides, Bones, Canvass, Rope, Bagging, Waste Paper, Books, Copper, Brass, Beeswax, Pewter, Lead, &c.

D. W. HILL,

24-3m. Water St., E City, N. C.

THE RED FLAG.

Ah! what does that Red Flag mean on Water Street? It means that is the place to get all your old tin ware repaired, such as, coffee pots, tea pots, oil cans, etc., etc.

Tin Ware Wholesale and Retail.

N. B. Old Stoves Repeired.

H. O. HILL.

E. City, N. C., March 14th, 1872.

38-tf.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.*;	R. F. OVERMAN, *Cash.*
DR. P. JOHN,	HON. JOHN POOL,
HON. C. C POOL,	C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH,	

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869–1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD St,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

C. B. BROTHERS

Poetry.

Forgiveness.

The narrow soul
Knows not the godlike glory of forgiving;
Nor can the cold, the ruthless heart, conceive
How large the power, how fixed the empire is,
Whence benefits confer on generous minds.
Goodness prevails upon the stubbornest foes,
And conquers more than Cæsar's sword did.

Human Life.

After a while—a busy brain
Will rest from all its care and pain.

After a while—Earth's rush will cease,
And a wearied heart find sweet release.

After a while—a vanished face—
An empty seat—a vacant place.

After a while—a name forgot—
A crumbled head-stone—unknown spot!

The *Athenæum* gives the following lines by Tom Moore as now published for the time:

When life looks lone and dreary,
What light can dispel the gloom?
When Time's swift wing is weary,
What charm can refresh his plume?
'Tis woman, whose sweetness beameth
On all that we feel or see,
And if man of Heaven 'ere dreameth,
'Tis when he thinks purely of thee.
Oh! woman!

Miscellaneous.

The Swamp Lands of Eastern North Carolina.

The term *Swamp* is applied here to low, wet, spongy lands unfit for cultivation without through drainage. The statute meaning of the term is applied to districts in the alluvial region of these States not affected by tide or salt water, and includes swamps proper, marshes, and sheets of water that can be drained.

Some of the lakes are isolated, and others are found within the swamps and occupying their highest points; and all of these lands are susceptible of thorough drainage; the expense per acre being much less where large bodies are drained by one system of canals. This is one main reason why many of these lands have not hitherto been improved; for the swamps are too large for single proprietors, and the cost per acre of drainage a single plantation, of moderate size, would generally be more than three times that of draining an entire district.

The lands are all level, and, being alluvial, are free of stones and pebbles, and, when improved, of very easy tillage.

The swamp lands above described may be divided, with reference to soil, production, and value, into three general classes.

1st. All things considered, these lands are among the most desirable in the world; they produce grass and fruits as well as the cereals, are of easy cultivation, and are tilled from generation to generation, without showing any signs of exhaustion.

They are generally covered with a heavy and dense growth of timber, vines, reeds, and grass; the soil is from five to fifteen feet deep, and consists of decomposed vegetable matter, fine sand, and finely comminuted clay. It produces exuberantly all the grains, grass, cotton, rice, peas, potatoes, turnips, pumpkins, melons, the garden vegetables, apples, peaches and grapes; but the test of its fertility is its growth of Indian corn, an exhausting crop, which it will yield in large amounts, from year to year, without manures or stimulants, and for an indefinite period.

It will produce as much per acre as the heavy clay soils in the highest state of improvement; but considering the difference in the expense of productions, the crops of the former are vastly more profitable.

The average yield of Indian corn per acre, without the application of fertilizers or stimulants, is from fifty to seventy-five bushels; and experience has proved that this will continue, from year to year, for more than a century, while science infers, from the facts of the past and from careful analysis, that even two centuries of close cultivation will not exhaust the natural and ever renewing fertility of these soils.

2nd. Intermediate soils, partaking somewhat of the nature of the first class, and something, also, of that of the third.

Swamps of this character sometimes contain highly fertile fringes, or districts, alternated with sections of sandy lands not productive, or with peaty soils, devoid of timber; but generally the lands included under this head are of medium quality, producing the same growth with those of the first, but in less abundance.

They would be regarded as very valuable but for their proximity to the best soils of the world; and many of them are more peculiarly adapted to wheat and the finer grasses than the lands of the first class; and their average yield of Indian corn, which is about twenty-five to forty bushels per acre, can be cheaply and easily increased by the application of fertilizers which abound in the region.

They are, like the lands of the first class, of very easy tillage; and one good application of the marl, which is found in this section in exhaustless quantities, will add to their productiveness for twenty years.

3d. This class embraces what is usually known as Open Ground Swamp, being destitute of woody growth, not inundated with water, but always saturated with moisture.

The soil consists of organic or undecomposed vegetable matter, and not productive in its present state; but when turned up to the sun, acted on by caustic lime, and packed by the cultivation, it becomes in many instances very fertile.

But it is due to say that the processes necessary to the productiveness of these lands isn't likely to be applied at present in a region abounding in soils that need no improvement except a thorough drainage; and they are now valuable chiefly as vast repositors of peat, easily and cheaply obtained, and near to water carriage, and as exhaustless beds of manures for other soils deficient in the elements of which they consist.

Some of the swamps contain large bodies of timber, such as pine, juniper cypress, oak, poplar, ash, and gum; and in a region accessible to market, such products of the forest are of great value. The business of timber-getting has ever been profitable in Eastern North Carolina; the best markets for lumber are comparatively near, and the trees are of the most valuable kind, and often as large and fine as any in the world.

Grapes, valuable for wine and for table use, bound; and it is only necessar to specify the Scuppernong, famous over the continent, and which grows wild in immense quantities, and on vines that grow to immense size, and attain to a great age.

The reeds and grass of the swamps afford a rich natural pasturage for cattle during the whole year, and this species of stock can be raised as cheaply and as abundantly as in any other section of the country.

These alluvial regions abound in immense beds of shell marl, a species of fertilizer exactly suited to the soils of this section.

The marl is found near the surface, and often begins with it, reaching generally to a considerable depth, and the beds contain hundreds and sometimes thousands of tons which can be easily and chieply removed.

One good dressing of this fertilizer will materially add to the productiveness of the land for twenty years; and thus nature has deposited within this favored region the means of increasing and perpetuating the fertility of the soil.

Fish, oysters, turtle, and a valuable species of terrapin, abound in Eastern North Carolina; and here are found the largest fisheries of shad, herring, and rock on the American continent. Mullets, and other desirable varieties of fish, are, also, caught in great quantities; and the numerous sounds, lakes, and creeks teem with an inexhaustible supply of food for the sustenance of human life.

It is, also, worthy, of note that wild fowl and game of other kinds exist in such quantities as to form an article of food with other States; and as an illustration of the extent of the fisheries, and of their value, it may be mentioned that during the present year one hundred and seventy-five thousand herrings have been taken at a single haul of the seine.

It has already been stated that cattle can be raised as cheaply and as numerously here as in any part of the country; and it should be added that the facilities for producing pork are equally great. Indian corn, the staple food for fattening hogs in the West, can be grown here on an as extensive a scale and at as little expense as in any part of the world; and in addition to this, Eastern North Carolina produces an article nearly as valuable for stock as corn, and which cannot be raised to advantage in the cold States of the West.

One of the most nutritious, healthy, and delightful of all vegetables used for the food of man and beast is the sweet potato; and in the region under discussion it requires little care or culture, and on soils comparatively poor from two to five hundred bushels can be easily raised.

The peach tree is not so healthy in the alluvial region as on other stiff clay soils in the hill country; but the fruit matures so much earlier than in the Northern States, that it can be raised to great profit for the Northern markets.

There is an apple peculiar to the Hyde region which is of superior quality and one of the best keepers in the world: it is called the Matamuskeet, grows luxuriantly in the section referred to, and of which it is a native, and may be kept all the year round without rotting.

But along the numerous navigable waters of this region there is the best opening in the world for profitable gardening, vegetables of all kinds can be produced in vast quantities and of the best quality, and places in the markets of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, &c., &c., weeks before they will mature on the vastly more expensive lands in the vicinity of those cities.

It is no small item in the comparative advantages of this region, that the soil, when once prepared for cultivation, is as mellow and friable as a bed of ashes. One man and a small horse or mule can till as much ground as a hand and a half, or a man and a boy, and two heavy draught animals, will do in the West, and less expense necessary for agricultural implements of every kind than in stiff clay or rocky soils.

This favored region combines advantages seldom found together, perhaps not combined, on such a scale, in any other place.

The forests furnish a resource for foreign trade equal to that of the regions where timber is the chief article of export; the fisheries add another great staple to commerce, and beef and pork furnish others.

Cotton may be grown as profitably as in the valley of the Mississippi, and corn as abuntly as in the richest States of the West.

To these may be added grapes and other fruits, wine, and garden vegetables; *and all these things are produced in comparative proximity to the markets where they command the best prices.*

Nearly all Eastern North Carolina is convenient to navigable water, and the whole of it is near to the Atlantic ocean; and the great staples of this region yield a much better price to the producer than in any other section where they are so largely produced. When, for instance, corn is worth to the purchaser in Illinois or Iowa but fifteen cents per bushel, it yields sixty to seventy-five to the farmer in Eastern North Carolina; and so with other products.

For the same reason the inhabitants of this region obtain their foreign supplies at much cheaper rates than they can be furnished to the people of the West; and to all this may be added that building materials and fuel are vastly less expensive, the working season longer, and all seasons milder.

The latitude of all parts of this country is that most favorable to out-of-doors labor and exposure, and to the prolongation of human life.

The statistics of the census of the United States prove that the average duration of human life is as great as in any part of the world; and the eastern part of the State is not an exception to this general salubriety.

This assertion is based on facts and on the investigations of science; and it is freely made in view of the most ample opportunity on the part of the world for verifying its accuracy.

The Swamps do nor generate the malaria which, in the marshy regions further south, causes malignant fevers; and the experience of a large population devoted for over a century to open-air pursuits will confirm the statement that the laborers here, in the woods, in the fields, and on the waters, are generally as healthy as in any part of the country.

The subject needs no ingenious bolstering; conclusive facts are within the reach of all, and will speak for themselves.

The winters are not so rigorous as in higher and drier localities in the same latitude, the climate being tempered by the influences of the Gulf stream and the proximity of the ocean; and the same causes, also, reduce the heats of summer, and aid in promoting the healthfulness of the climate.

Going West vs. South.

BY THE EDITOR OF THE BALTIMORE AMERICAN.

We have already shown that those who having a small capital with which to buy land and equip it, have manyfold the advantage of bettering their condition by turning their faces to the South than to the West. In the first place the climate is far more agreeable, as it will enable the farmer to lose far less time than is experienced both North and West on account of the cold weather, and time now is money, and an all-important consideration everywhere, as well with other classes as the farmers, and such is the mildness of the seasons at the South that sheep and cattle require to be housed but a few days during the whole winter, and in many locations sheep are known to have cared for themselves throughout the whole season, subsisting upon the herbage they could pick up and the twigs of the bushes in the woods and fields to which they may have access.

* * * * * *

There is evidently an awakening spirit abroad at the North in regard to the advantages and disadvantages of settling at the South and West by men of limited means, whose object is to purchase small tracks of land upon which to settle, and to be cultivated mainly by their own and the labor of their families; and, as we have before observed, we are most thoroughly convinced that those of this class cannot do better than to take up land in North Carolina. The sale of the products of the earth suitable for the climate and situation will enable an industrious man with his own sons, upon a very few acres of land, to make himself comfortable in a year or two, obtaining many times the amount realized upon the same space at the West. Cotton can be raised and also all the other crops which can be produced at the North, and the paragraphs which we annex, from a letter of a committee of planters in Carolina, to the Agricultural Bureau, shows what large proceeds are gathered from a small amount of labor. In addition to this great staple, the demand for which is ever on the increase, and it has of late years been demonstrated cannot be successfully competed with in any other quarter of the globe, there is room for the introduction of various other industries with which farmers elsewhere are accustomed to. We have already shown what is now being done in the wine business, for which our climate and soil is admirably suited. In addition to which the raising of fruit and vegetables both for our own and the markets of the world, as well as for canning, and drying, is pronounced by men thoroughly acquainted with the business as peculiarly suited for our latitude and position. The cooperative cheeses and butter factory system, the beet root sugar manufacturing, the raising of silk worms, and the establishing of silk looms, the raising of flax, of sumac, of oils from the sunflower, &c., and the raising of broom corn, and the making of broom therefrom. All these, and hundreds of other productions suitable to the Southern States, can be raised with more profit than any of the general productions of colder localities, and most of them can be made immediately available by men of small means if of industrious habits, and which will realize to them comforts and a competency in a far less space of time than can be possibly reached at the West.

In this estimate of advantages of the South we have not taken into account another of transcendant importance—the facilities of markets, the best in the world, for everything that can be grown by means of the innumerable water courses, the numerous railroad and steamship communications, which gives us such vast advantages over the farmers of the Great West.

The following is the statement of the committee alluded to above in the correspondence with Judge Watts, of the Agricultural Bureau, and published in his report for September:

"Mr. Page, from eighteen acres of improved upland planted in cotton, obtained in money $2.150. His entire crop, with five hands and five mules, was 16 bales of cotton and 2,400 bushels of corn, besides peas, pumpkins, sweet potatoes and forage and 4000 pounds of pork.

"Mr. E. S. Hammond, on a poor quality of upland worth $6 per acre (recently bought for that), worked two hands and two mules; money value of cotton, corn, hay and sweet pototoes $1,00, besides 1,500 pounds of pork, and fruit and garden vegetables in great abundance.

"Mr. G. B. Mills, on medium upland, worked three hands and made 21 bales of cotton, corn and forage in abundance, and 500 bushels of sweet potatoes.

"Mr. B. T. Page, managing for Mr. Barney Dubar, worked thirty hands and made 161 bales of cotton, 3,000 bushels of corn, 400 bushels of peas, besides forage, sweet potatoes, vegetables and fruit in abundance, and killed 7,500 pounds of pork. The plantation on which this crop was made was bought two years ago for $6,700 in currency."

Literary Prospects.

We are told that nothing succeeds like success; and we may therefore, we think, venture, without fear of contradiction, to assume that these new works, whenever they are published, will be doubtless as successful as those which they succeed:

Fettered at First: a story written as a prelude to Linked at Last.

To-Morrows with Artists: to be published as a companion work to Yesterdays with Authors.

The Worth of Waterlillies: a novel written as a sequel to The Valley of the Poppies.

Iron Locks and Brazen Handles: a domestic tale of thrilling interest, to follow Golden Keys.

Rich Master Sparrow: a new sensation story, but not written by the author of Poor Miss Finch.

The Big Toe of Destiny: a tale of Eastern travel, published as a companion to The Finger of Fate.

Slugs in the Salad: a domestic story, adapted for the readers of Poppies in the Corn.

An expressman at Louisville lost his favorite and faithful equine a few days since, and here is the epitaph for the deceased:

Here lies the bones of all I had
To drag me on through life and duty;
He took to feeling very bad,
And finally died with epizooty.

A Sail Down the Pasquotank.

BY A. B. D.

Reader, if you are in a quiet, meditative mood, and wish a romantic journey; if you would commune with yourself, or with nature; if you would read the footprints and way-marks of more than a hundred years, take a trip in summer time down the Pasquotank River. Some author whom I have read, Ruskin, I think, is a tree worshiper, and makes of them companions and friends; but no trees that I have ever seen before, have such a human look as these.

The river, tortuous and narrow for its channel, is bordered on both sides for miles with old trees that must have been famillar with the sayings and doings of more than a century. Here is the live oak, with its deep green foliage and roomy arms, towering two hundred feet above the river's brink. Here are hickory trees, growing in magnificence never seen elsewhere, and suggesting an elysium for boys in October nutting time—a more solemn tree, nevertheless, with a dark shadow answering back from out the waters depths. Old buttonwoods, with arms and trunks as white as ghosts, are pointing heavenward, warning the beholder of the life to come; while the pliant willow, as is their wont, are kissing with their soft, wavey green, the water's edge. The stately cypress and the moaning pine stand in their majesty apart. The juniper, with its light leaves tossing in a gentle breeze, swayed by the breath of summer air, invites such twining plants as readily draw support from its porous wood.

Here is a mimosa, with the scarlet creeper, and its tufts of brilliant flowers so wound around it to its very top, you almost think the tree and vine are one; and then upon each outstretched arm is hung the southern moss. Never did parasite more adorn the hand that made it, than does this air plant the Southern forest. As if nature had striven to deck herself for holiday, and make herself more lovely, the beautiful moss, like the soft gray beard of age, is hung on every bough.

The mistletoe loves the haunts of men, and seeks the mulberry tree; but this fairy moss hangs its festoons on every leafy bough. Its language is "Time," and I heard it say "I lightly touch the heart that is young when the head is grey."

Old grape vines and bitter sweet stretch up from the river's edge and side banks for many feet to embrace these sentinels of time, looking as though they too had birth in the century which had passed into shadows. Away up in mid-air fairy bowers are formed, where nymphs of wood and water meet. Here and there a brooklet pierces through the bank to mingle in the stream, and now a silvery cascade ripples down a channel that itself has worn. The sky is overcast, the wind moans through the pines, the boatmen are singing a plaintive song, and my spirit goes back to the primeval days of these impenetrable forests. Never before have trees so impressed me.

Slowly we glide down the stream, the silence broken only by the splash of a turtle or the dip of a water fowl, through this unbroken line of trees, until we reach Elizabeth City. The sun is sinking low, and in the water shadows now, these trees growing down as well as up, with base to base. If the shadows of the upper row, outlined against the sky, are soft, this lower row is softer still, and in the skimming waters seems the parting line of the universe, with sky above and sky below. I have no companions but these trees in this summer evening's ride, and we shall part as friends, while I am richer for the lesson taught.

September 26th, 1872.

Climate, Soil, and Salubriety of Eastern North Carolina.

Scarce a week passes without bringing letters of inquiry from Northern farmers in relation to the soil, climate, healthfulness and agricultural productions of North Carolina. For their benefit we deem it proper to state:

That in point of healthfulness, no region, from the eastern bounds of Maine to Texas, surpasses that of Eastern North Carolina. By consulting the census reports it will be seen that the per centage of deaths, in proportion to the population, is *less than any State North of the Potomac.* If any doubts are entertained on this point, we refer to the figures. They speak for themselves. This part of North Carolina is remarkably exempt from bronchial and pulmonic diseases so common at the North. Typhus, scarlet and typhoid fevers, so prevalent in Northern latitudes, are exceptions here.

The soil is easily worked. When once prepared for cultivation it is pliable and mellow as a bed of ashes. It is entirely free from rock or stones. All grain or root crops that can be raised in New York and Pennsylvania can be grown at less cost in Eastern North Carolina. In respect to fruits, we excel the North, as we not only produce in perfection every kind raised North, but all semi-tropical fruits.

The advantages in stock-raising are greater than at the North, from the fact that stock can run out ten months in the year, and very frequently during the whole year. At the North the barns of the farmer are empty in the spring, while in Eastern North Carolina the same amount of labor would secure full barns and a redundancy of forage. Eastern Carolina is penetrated by numerous navigable rivers, and various bayous and navigable inlets which give water transportation to almost every farm, enabling the farmer to send his produce readily and cheaply to market. It only costs from ten to twelve cents a bushel for corn and wheat to send it to New York. From the West it costs from fifty to seventy cents.

The waters of Eastern North Carolina are also rich in every variety of fish. It has been estimated that the shad and herring fisheries in this section bring in more than $2,000,000 annually.

The Health of North Carolina.

The statistics of mortality, according to the Preliminary Report (page 22) of the Census of 1860, shows that *eight* of the Northern States are less healthy than North Carolina. Thus, while the deaths in North Carolina were only 1 in 84, there died in Maine 1 in 81; in New Hampshire, 1 in 72; in Massachusetts, 1 in 57; in Rhode Island, 1 in 69; in Connecticut, 1 in 74; in New York, 1 in 82; in Kansas, 1 in 73; in Nebraska, 1 in 75.

In 1850 the Health statistics of North Carolina, as shown by the Report of the United States Census for that year, stand higher than those of any one of the *eleven* Northern States here below mentioned: Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois. With the ruling of a higher standard of intelligence and temperance among the mass of our population there can be no reasonable doubt that the general health of the State, good as it is, would be much increased; and even now it is not at all probable that there is any section of the American continent more salubrious or more pleasant than the Eastern part of North Carolina.

According to the Census of 1860 there were then living in the United States 426 *white* centenarians, of whom 221 lived in the South and 205 in the North, a difference of 16 in favor of the South; and this in a population of only 8,000,000 of whites in the South in contrast with 18,000,000 of whites in the North.

Story of a Singular Character.

On a drive over Pomfret Hills, Ct., the other day, we called on a singular character—a man who is 30 years old, who is deaf, dumb and blind. Whether he would have been dumb or not had he been blessed with the sense of hearing, it is impossible to tell, but glimmerings of intellect are evidently rather feeble The man is well developed physically; is of ordinary hight, has a stout thick neck, and looks strong and robust; has never eaten anything but milk; has never tasted water nor a particle of food but milk. Thirty years on clear milk, and with a neck like an ox, and apparently a muscular system to correspond. Can we say now that milk is for babies and calves, and not for strong men? This man had a full set of strong double teeth clear round, and every one of them had to be pulled out, as he tore his cloths to pieces with them. As he didn't use them to chew his milk with, he probably thought he must make some use of them, as they were evidently made for something, and his clothes furnished excellent material on which to exersize them. Another peculiarity of this strange being is, that through all his life long he has chewed a rag—or rather, I should say, has gummed it since his strong teeth were taken from him. From infancy his mother has had to place a rag in his mouth as soon as he has taken his food. She said he gave her no peace till she put it back. He distinguished strangers from the neighbors and those who have visited him before. I took hold of his hand and he took it in both of his and seemed to be considering; then he passed his hand up the length of my arm, and patted his head and chest and made a singular guttural noise. His mother said that was his way of expressing joy—of showing that he was pleased. His principal enjoyment seems to consist in having his mother get through with her work and sit down by his side. He has a swing in the room, in which he spends a good part of his time swinging. Somtimes when his mother steps out, he will lock the door so that she can't get back again, which shows that he has some wit about him, or trickery at least. He is always very wakeful at night, and rouses his mother out of bed many times in the night. She says he has lived thus without a good night's rest for 30 years, with the exception of Saturday and Sunday nights. Every Saturday night he calms down like a lamb, and keeps that night and all the Sunday after in the strict letter of the old "blue laws" of Connecticut. His mother attributes this hebdomadal to the fact that she changes his clothes on Saturday night. But it is probably owing to the mere fact of change from the ordinary rovtine. This, slight ripple of change is a change to him and the rest a sort of weekly landmark in the dreary, monotonous blank of his life. Perhaps through the cloud and mist of his vacant mind he welcomes this slight ripple, and thus in his poor way computes the flight of time. What meaneth it to such a mind as this? To wake and sleep, to draw the breath, to take a pint of milk. The sun goes round, the seasons change, but naught of this knows he. Nations arise and nations fall—'tis the same to him. One dreary round, forever blank—will death improve his state? The bird that flies, the fish that swims, has better life than this.—*Cor. Hartford Times.*

Extraordinary Answers.

A pupil of Abbe Sicord gave the following extraordinary answers:

"What is gratitude?"

"Gratitude is the memory of the heart."

"What is hope?"

"Hope is the blossom of happiness."

"What is the difference between hope and desire?"

"Desire is a tree in leaf, hope is a tree in flower, enjoyment is a tree in fruit."

"What is eternity?"

"A day without yesterday or to-morrow—a line that has no end."

"What is God?"

"The necessary being, the sun of eternity, the merchant of nature, the eyes of justice, the watchmaker of the universe, and the soul of the world."

"Does God reason?"

"Man reasons, because he doubts; he deliberates, he decides. God is omniscient; He never doubts; He therefore never reasons."

Cupid's Ambuscades.—The sly archer, Love, shoots his arrows from many coigns of vantage, but it is doubtful if he delivers his heart-taken shafts from ony ambush with more effect than when he arms them from the braids and folds and ringlets of a superb head of hair. Ladies who have not been favored by Nature with this crowning charm of womanhood, can readily and certainly increase the volume of their hair and impart to it a silked lustre by using Lyon's Katharion as a daily dressing; while those whom Providence has blessed with a superabundance of this "Glory" of the sex. can preserve it, undiminished, in quantity and undiminished in beauty to the latest period of life. There is a germinating principle in the Kathairon which literally *compels the hair to grow.* In extirpates scurf, dandruff, and all exfoliations and excresences of the scalp which interfere with the rapid and healthy development of the fibers.

For Coughs, Bronchitis and Consumption, in its early stages, nothing equals Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

A small girl in Dubuque, Ia, whose religious nature has been somewhat pampered, prays for her "daily gingerbread," and gets it.

In Vermont there are lady clerks in some of the hotels.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Jan. 1, 1873.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.

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Communications relative to any of the interests of the South, and particularly information relative to the crops, solicited.

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THE NEW YEAR.

To day we enter on a new year. As we look back on the buried past what strange thoughts fill our minds, what new and brilliant anticipations crowd our mental vision! The past is gone, the the present is ours, the future is before us. Resolutions are worth nothing unless they are carried out. Principles are dead unless we live them in our daily lives. Habit makes each of us what we are. As we go on doing right or wrong do we become good or evil. Frequency gives permanency to both. From these frequent doings reputations grow and characters are made. As we cannot expect to gather in the garden bearded wheat if we plant the noxious shrub, so neither can we expect to enjoy a good name if we persist in doing wrong. Let us resolve to act so that when we again stand by and witness "the passing away" of the year now all radient with promises and effulgent with hope we may not feel the blush of shame to mantle our cheeks.

It is a principle of nature that nothing is ever lost. The tree that stands forth laden with ripe, rich, luscious fruit is not the result of an hour's sunshine, or a single warm, refreshing shower, but every ray of light, every crystal rain drop, every gently falling snow flake, every pearly dew drop has contributed its full share towards its full developement. So every act of ours, every noble emotion that has thrilled the soul, every thought that has stirrred the mind and heart, every success that has crowned our efforts, every reverse that has overtaken us in life—all have contributed to make us what we are to-day. Even reverses and bitter disappointments, though painful, need not and should not be profitless. We should make the knowledge thus obtained contribute to our future advancement.

Ah, how true it is that experience is a wise teacher. If we all would but heed her intructions more closely how much pleasanter would our lives pass on. Our very heedlessness makes repetition necessary. To him whose brain throbs from frequent sippings she says it shall be so again if he disregards her warning voice. She never forgets her promise. Into the ear of the idler pinched with hunger and begging for daily bread she breathes: would you escape this agony, go to work. If he listens not he will live the same terrible suffering over again. Reader! has not this teacher, during the year just ended, time and again whispered in your ear Have you, have any of us heeded the teacher as we should? To day let us make a new resolution and determine to keep it!

Many who were full of health and manly vigor one year ago now rest in the silent city of the dead. Their life was as full of promise to them as it is now to us, but like the summer flower they have disappeared from among us. Who of us shall follow them when the moaning winds sing the funeral dirge of this New Year? Amid the hilarities of these festive occasions sober thoughts should not be entirely ignored. They do us good and may restrain our feet from wandering in "forbidden paths." To one all our readers, old and young, merry and sorrowful, we wish a happy, prosperous New Year.

A NEW AMENDMENT PROPOSED.

A bill has been introduced in Congress for an amendment to the Constitution to hereafter vote direct for President and Vice President. There is a growing popular sentiment in favor of this. The plan of voting for Electors is not proving to be what it was expectd when adopted. When the Constitution was formed it was supposed that if the choice of a President was given to a number of the best and most intelligent citizens of the community, who could meet and deliberate cooly as to the person best fitted for the office, we should probably obtain a better President than by any other mode of choice. But the system has not operated as intended. The Electoral College is not of any practcal importance. Let the people vote direct.

The real and natural wealth of this section of North Carolina were never perhaps so well understood as during the late war. The seige of Suffolk, Va., by Gen. LONGSTREET in 1863 was for the purpose of enabling the Confederate Army to get provisions out of this part of the country. At that time immense numbers of wagons came to and carried off great quantities of meat, corn, wheat and other provisions. As Judge POOL remarked in his speech the other day, this is the "grainery of the State!"

The country has just emerged from a severe political contest. Six months ago men's minds, North and South, were half delirous with partisan zeal; to-day the calm of a final result rests upon the land, and the half crazy are once more brought back to the routine of their ordinary occupation.

ELIZABETH CITY N. C.

On our fourth page this week we give a map of our City. The object of this article is to give a brief historical sketch of the town. We do this for the purpose of informing those of our readers abroad who may desire to know something of the country.

Elizabeth City became an incorporated town, about sixty four yours ago. At that time its dimensions were about 500 yards from East to West and 300 yards from North to South. There were but fifteen dwellings within the corporate limits and about 100 inhabitants. The trade of the place was very different from what it now is. Then, three fourths at least of the surrounding country was a wilderness, heavily timbered, from which were made millions of staves and shingles, the carrying of which gave employment to a large number of large class schooners. The lumber was sold to the West Indies, in return for which was brought Salt, Coffee, Sugar, etc.

In the course of time the town began to grow, and larger farms were cleared and cultivated and vast quantities of grain were raised, especially corn. This was shipped to Boston. New York, Portland, Norfolk and to Charleston and other parts: also to the West Indies and to South America. Some idea may be had of the magnitude of this trade when we remind the reader that in the year 1860 full one hundred vessels hailed from the port of Elizabeth City alone. These carried in every direction Corn, Wheat, Cotton, Fish, Staves, Shingles, sawed Lumber &c.

On the 10th, of Febuary 1862 a Naval battle was fought near the wharves of this place between Commodore GOLDSBORO commanding the Federals and Comodore LYNCH in command of the Confederates. This resulted in the defeat of the latter. On that day the inhabitants of the City left en masse, first setting fire to and totally destroying the public buildings and the best built portions of the town. Up to 1870 the ruins of these remained to tell the tale. This left the people dispitited and business of nearly all kinds was suspended.

During the Summer and Fall of 1869 Northern immigration began to be attracted here. The new setlers brought with them some money, a good deal of enterprize and inspired a spirit of hope and "better cheer". The prospects at once began to brighten, the entire population went to work and their labors have been rewarded.

Elizabeth City has been enlarged. It now covers an area of about two miles long and near one mile wide. It has a population of about 4000. It contains quine a number of fine residences, a printing office, two banks, five churches, four good schools, a splendid hotel, with good stores, mills and lumber factories. It is the county seat, and the point at which the Federal Court is held. It is located on the banks of the Pasquotak River which is navigable for vessels of 200 tons burden. There are two canals from this place to Norfolk—the Dismal Swamp, and the Albemarle and Chesepeke. We have a daily line of Steamers comfortably fitted for passengers.

This is a brief description of Elizabeth City in the past and at the preeent. As to the future it has possibilities such as few places possess. We believe it is destined to be one of the most important towns in the South.

TO OUR FRIENDS IN THE NORTHERN STATES.

We have received hundreds of letters from various parts of the North making inquiries respecting this country. These questions have covered the whole field, embracing climate, soil, productions, health, facilities to market, and especially the treatment Northern settlers receive from the native Southerners. Our correspondents appear anxious to know whether the people here—the natives and "to the manner born"—are favorable to immigration and whether they really desire an increase of the Northern element among them. Those who carefully read this issue of our paper will find their inquiries fairly answered.

At first, four years ago, when we came here, there were those who had their suspicions, their doubts, their fears. They did not understand the true Northern character. As was natural they hesitated—waited. But as time passed on and they mingled with us and the Northern families that came with and followed us they not only began to show confidence and to extend respectful courtesy in social and business intercourse, but this feeling has so increased that they are now anxious for hundreds and thousands of the "same sort" to come—people of honest integrity, and industry and enterprise to come and make their homes among them and become identified in interest and purpose with the natives, and by a cooperation of effort make this country what it *can* be made, to "bloom and blossom as the rose."

As to how the Northern element here is respected and appreciated, we have but to refer to a few facts. Quite a number of them are engaged in active business, as merchants, manufacturers and in the professions, and they all are busy and successful. The Chairman of our County Board of Commissioners is C. W SMITH ESQ, formerly of Burlington Pa; the Physician in charge of the Alms House is Dr. D. T. KREBS, formerly of Watsontown Pa.; the Counselor of the Commissioners is W. H. SMITH ESQ., formerly of Wellsboro' Pa.; the City Attorney is JAMES H. SHAW ESQ., formerly of Canton Pa.; A. P. FOWLER ESQ., formerly of Fowlersville, Pa. is a Justice of the Peace for Elizabeth City; JOSEPH EVES, formerly of Muncy Pa., was a member of of the Election Board, and so on. The truth is, there is no distinction shown. A Northern man of character and merit is and will be recognized and appreciated here just as fully and fairly as in any section of the Union.

"Uncle Ned," colored, aged 112, died in Savannah the other day, after chewing tobacco 100 years.

The Pamunkey tribe of Indians in Virginia now number eighty-five.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

The Subject of Immigration is beginning to claim the attention of our people and here in Eastern Carolina they are arousing themselves to its importance and are taking steps in the right direction to promote it. The benefits to be derived from it are strikingly illustrated by reference to the history of the country at large. It has grown with amazing rapidity chiefly for the reason that the wise policy of making the foreigner welcome to our shores was adopted. The bone and sinew of the Old World was drawn to people the waste places and to make them blossom through cultivation. The nation anticipated its growth by fostering those multiplying agencies that lie outside of reproduction. The vast national domain have been peopled and made the wonder of the world by attracting to it the hard working sons and daughters of the nations "beyond the sea."

The time has come when we of the South can accomplish much for ourselves, much for our section and more for the nation at large by encouraging immigration. There is no need that we should send to Europe for it. The Northern States is overflowing with a better class of people—a population quite as frugal and industrious, more intelligent, and not trammelled with the traditions and memories of monarchial institutions. It is just this kind of people we need—hard workers, industrious producers, skilled mechanics and enterprizing manufacturers. Here this class can better themselves, can aid us, and, by developiug the resources all about us, add to the common wealth of all. Our vast tracts of rich soil need reclaiming and our latent wealth requires more bone and muscle as well as energy of purpose to bring it out in all of its practical force.

We repeat, this subject is now attracting the attention of our people and they are wisely acting. The Immigration Society formed here, and the agitation of the question in various parts of the State cannot fail to result in good.

YEOPON.

We hear that an order has been received here from a wealthy Boston merchant for a box of Yeopon tea. This gentleman was recently on a visit to North Carolina, when and where he became acquainted with this tea. The old North State may yet vie with China in "the cup that cheers, but does not inebriate."

As soon as our commercial intercourse with the Celestial Empire becomes a little more enlarged, it need not surprise us if the Chinese import Yeopon as we do teas. It makes a great difference whether anything to eat, to drink or to wear, comes from foreign lands, or is found at home. Human nature is full of caprices.—*Norfolk Journal.*

That is so. By the way YEOPON is one of our native products, and when properly prepared makes a tea equal to the Black Tea of commerce.

Present corn rates in Illinois range from 15 to 18 cents for 75 pounds in the ear. Prices of lands are 20 to 30 per cent lower than four years ago, and the farmers are saying that three or even two more such crops as were had in 1870, 1871, and 1872 would bring their great staple to 10 cents and their farms to $15 to $20 per acre, or less than enough to release the mortgages now covering them. Freights to Boston are 80 cents per 100 pounds against 40 to 60 cents when corn was twice or three times the price it is at present—facts which ought to add weight to the augument against risking the whole of one fortune in a single ship. —*Tribune.*

The great advantages of this Albemarle region of the South over the West consists, among other things, in our cheap transportation to market. While it costs the price of *three* bushels of corn to send *one* to market in the West, it never costs more than one fifth of a bushel here. This is a great difference, and one the immigrant from the Northern States should well consider before he desides to go West. A correspondent from North Western Illinois informs us that prices there now range as follows: 22 cts. for corn, 16 cts. for oats, 45 cts. for Rye and 3½ cts. per pound for pork. Corn here is 60 cts., Oats 50 cts. and Pork 6½ cts.

IMMIGRATION.

A LARGE MEETING OF OUR CITIZENS.

AN IMMIGRATION SOCIETY ORGANIZED.

The People Moving in the Right Direction.

Pursuant call a meeting was held at the Court House in Elizabeth City, N. C., on Monday, December 16th, 1872 at 3 o'clock P. M. Col. W. F. Martin was called to the chair and Hon. C. C. Pool, Frank Vaughn Esq., and John T. Price, Register of Deeds, were chosen Secretaries.

On taking the chair Col. Martin said the principle objects of this meeting are to encourage immigration, to adopt such measures and to take such steps as will inform the immigrant of just what kind of a country we have here in the Albemarle District of North Carolina. The tide of emigration is always moving; it is natural for the emigrant to take that course where it is likely his interests will be most advanced: and we have but to inform him fairly of what a country we have here,—its appearance and general features; its climate; the quality of its soil; its nearness to market; its advantages for shipping; its healthfulness; its general susceptibility of improvements; the character of its citizens—indeed everything else that one who contemplates making his home among strangers would naturally desire to know. We have without question a country that is capable of being made to bloom and to flourish; we have a climate healthful and genial; we have rich lands in abundance. We need capital. With it we can make our land blossom and produce abundantly; we need honest intelligent labor too, as much as capital. With this, thousands of acres that are now wild and valueless will be brought into profitable cultivation; we need railroads; we need manufactures,—indeed we have countless needs, which a moderate supply of capital with intelligent labor will supply.

It is proposed that Elizabeth City shall be the center for the Society that we are now about to organize, but that its officers be appointed from every county in the Albemarle district, and it is believed that if we adopt the proper measures by concert and combination of action we can do much for the benefit of any section of the country by inducing the tide of immigration to turn in this direction, and this can best be done by truthful statements of what we claim to be the natural advantages of this our home.

At the close of the remarks of the chairman Wm. H. Smith Esq., arose and said: By our united action, backed up with energy, we shall accomplish much. We have only to go in the right way about this matter to bring about beneficial results. We shall have hit upon the right course when we find out the best means of letting the stranger know just what kind of a country we have. My own experience of several years here satisfies me that this section of the country will compare favorably with any other that I have seen, and that the average quality of our land here is not surpassed. I feel Mr. Chairman that without doubt we have hit upon the right thing in this organization, and from the interest which I see this large and intelligent assemblage take in these proceedings I think we may fairly count on doing much good for our section of country, by bringing its advantages prominently before the world.

Hon. J. W. Albertson, Judge of this District, being present was then called upon; he arose and made an excellent speech, much to the point. He spoke of the great natural advantages of this part of the country, view it in whatsoever light we may: It has a genial and healthful climate; rich lands that are easy of cultivation; wild lands that intelligent labor would in a few years make to blossom and produce abundantly. We need that intelligent labor. I have ofteu heard it remarked by those in our midst that we have already an over abundance of labor, that we already have too much of what we call *bone and sinew*, but no man will take such a position who is not utterly ignorant of the *real situation.* Our greatest need is the *right kind of labor.* We need a large population, but we want that increase of population to consist of those who can understand and appreciate the advantages of the glorious country around us; those who can understand just what is best to be done, and how best to do what ought to be done. Such a population will take the rough material that is around us on every side, and make us a glorious place to dwell at—such a population will cause our flowery home to blossom yet more beautifully.

This Society may be the means of great good but there should be a cordial concert of action. It is true it must have a head—a head that shall be prominently seen and known, but every county in this region of the country ought to take a part in the movement, so as to give it the greater strength, for by such combination greater good might reasonably be expected.

At the close of Judge Albertson's remarks C. W. Grandy Jr. State Senator, arose and said: Mr. chairman, I move that a committee of five gentlemen be appointed by your self who shall consult together and agree upon some plan of permanent organization, and report the same to a subsequent meeting for its consideration. The motion was adopted, whereupon the Chair appointed the committee as follows: C. W. Grandy, Jr., C. C. Pool, C. W. Hollowell, Dr. J. N. Butt and W. C. Davis. Mr. Grandy then said: Mr. Chairman,—a movement is now on foot by northern capitalists to have a direct line of railway from Norfolk Va., to Charleston S. C. The exact route is a matter to be fixed upon in the future. That such a road will be built is beyond question, and is only a question of time not remote, the road will go wherever it will be for its best interest. Those who are planning this work are shrewd enough to know what will pay them best: they have said and still say that if the citizens of this part of the State will show a disposition to encourage them and further their undertaking by putting their shoulders to the wheel, that road will pay through this, the richest section of the State in agricultural products, and thus not only the owners of the road will be benefitted, but our beautiful country will be opened up to the world, and a great region of remarkable productiveness, hitherto almost unknown, will be brought into full view, and its advantages be made manifest.

Hon. C. C. Pool then arose and said: we have but to unite and act with energy to be successful in this move, a move in the right direction.

We need to arouse ourselves and to learn to appreciate the great blessings that are around us on every hand. This immediate section is the granary of the State of North Carolina, that is admitted, but our fertile lands are not only adapted to corn and wheat raising but also to cotton, as the experience of only a few years past abundantly proves. Now we are an agricultural people here, it is true, but it is not to our best interests that our whole energies should be bent in one direction. We need factories to work up at least a part of the products of our lands. We should not rest satisfied at being producers, but we should learn to work up the raw material. We have other needs—we want railroads. We have for a long time abored under a great error in supposing that railroads would operate rather to our injury than to our good, but such false notions are passing away, and the intelligent thinker must see that free intercourse with the world around us is necessary in this age of advancement for prosperity. A rich and magnificent country is behind and around us, capital and intelligent labor will show it in its true light.

Dr. R. K. Speed being called upon replied in a very appropriate speech. He said: without question we have a glorious and beautiful country, a land of flowers as fair as Araby, and more than this, we have a country of wonderful, almost boundless resources, capable of supporting a population one hundred times as great as it has. Yet with all this we lack a great deal, and not the least of all we lack facilities for travel—the means of public conveyance. He said he was glad to see that this movement is not confined to this town or county, but that it is a movement of the entire Albemarle District, one in which Currituck, Camden, Perquimans, Chowan and the other counties have an equal interest with Pasquotank. It is a movement that only requires united effort to make it a success.

J. P. Whedbee Esq., said that he most heartily endorsed this movement. He believed it to be a step in he right direction and he pledged it his cordial and earnest cooperation.

Dr. P. John said he did not rise to make a speech, but as a representative of the Northern element here he could not resist to impulse the express the gratification he felt at the spirit and interest manifested at this meeting to-day. As he looked around him and saw here assembled the leading citizens of this county and of adjoining counties, and as he sat listening to the earnest and practical speeches of the distinguished gentlemen, representing all parties, who had spoken he felt inspired with a renewed encouragement and hope It was well known that he had for the past four years taken an active interest in Immigration. Realizing the needs of the country as well as its possibilities, and conscientiously believing that the Northern emigrant could better his condition by settling here, he had made some effort in that direction. But he had time and again been met with the response: "Of course *you* desire immigration. It is natural that you should do so. But how do we know that it is not on the principle that 'misery loves company.' What evidence have we that the people in your section—the native citizens desire us to come." Public meetings of this character give the proper answers to these questions. They give public expression to the real sentiment and desire now felt by our entire people, and this, aside from the practical results of an Immigration Society, will do a vast amount of good. It is not enough for the thoughtful and prudent Northern man to know, when about to take his family into a strange country, that he will find a genial climate and an easy working and productive soil. He wants to be satisfied that he and they will be recognized and treated socially with as much respect as they received at home. This is natural and it is right. When the true feeling of the native population of this region on this subject is generally known throughout the North a successful tide of immigration, and of the better classes too, will rapidly follow.

The following resolution was then offered and adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee appointed by the Chairman of this meeting be requested to correspond with Col. W. B. Rogers of Norfolk Va., President of the Dismal Swamp Steam Transportation Company, upon the subject of a commutation of fare with the Bay Line of Steamers from Baltimore, the Deleware and Wilmington Railroad from Philadelphia and the Northern Central Railroad to Harrisburg, Williamsport and Elmira, in order to afford arrangements that Immigrants can purchase through tickets from any of those parts to Elizabeth City.

On motion of Judge Pool the meeting then adjourned to meet in the Court House on Tuesday Dec. 24th, at 11 o'clock A. M.

W. F. MARTIN, Chm'n.

FRANK VAUGHN,
C. C. POOL,
J. T. PRICE.
} Sect'ys

Pursuant to adjournment another meeting was held in the Court House on Tuesday Dec 4th, at 11 A., m.

W. F. Martin in the chair. He announced that the business first in order this morning is the report of the Committee on permanent organisation, when Judge Pool, one of said Committee, read the following report, and resolutions, which were submitted to vote and unanimously adopted:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION OF THE ALBEMARLE IMMIGRATION SOCIETY.

The Committee appointed to propose a plan of permanent organization of the Immigration Society beg leave to submit the following report:

1st. The Society shall be called the Albemarle Immigration Society,

2nd, The officers of the Society shall be the following.—

1st: a President: W. F. Martin

2nd. 24 Vice Presidents: Wm. H. Davis F. M. Godfrey, Cincinnatus Nash C. W. Hollowell. Jno Pool, C. L. Cobb, Mark Gregory, Wm. T. White, B. F. Whitehurst, B. H. Jennings, Jas. S. Jones, Isaiah T. Etheridge, C. C. Allen, G. D. Pool, W. C. Dawson, C. W. Grandy Jr., G. W. Cobb, Nathan Overman, Jno. L. Wood, Thos. J. Murden, Jas. N. Butt, S. Weisel, R. K. Speed, J. P. Whedbee.

3d. A Treasurer R. F. Overman.

4th, Three Secretaries: C. C. Pool Frank Vaughan, John T. Price.

5th, The President and three Secretaries shall constitute an executive committee.

6th, The regular meeting af the Society shall be held at three o'clock on the first Saturday eveging of each month.

C. W. GRANDY JR.
C. C. POOL
W. C. DAVIS
JAS. N. BUTT.

SUPLEMENTARY REPORT.

The committee on permanent organization of the Albemarle Immigration Society beg leave to submit the following supplemental report in the form of a preamble and resolution.

Whereas, the Albemarle District of North Carolina, from the fertility of its soil and from the character of its products affords an inviting field to capitalist and laborers from abroad, to invest their money or to use their skill in either agricultural or manufacturing pursuits; and whereas, all classes of our citizens, without regard to past or present political opinions, earnestly desire an influx of population and capital to this section of country; therefore be it Resolved 1st. That the citizens of all the neighboring counties be and are hereby requested to hold meetings and organize county societies for the purpose of promoting the cause of immigration.

Resolved 2nd. That the co-operation of said societies, when they shall have been formed, is cordially invited.

Resolved 3d. That the officers of the said societies, when they shall have been elected, except the presidents, shall hold the same offices in this society which they hold in the respective county societies.

Resolved 4th, That it shall be the duty of the secretaries of this society to conduct the correspondence and to reply promptly to such letters as may be addressed them by persons desiring to immigrate to this locality, and to give such information from time to time, as may be asked by those who wish to locate here.

C. W. GRANDY JR
C. C. POOL
W. C. DAVIS
J. N. BUTT.

Honorable John Pool, United States Senator being present, was then called upon to address the meeting. He arose and said among other things: Mr. Chairman and gentlemen: There is, in my opinion, nothing that we can do at this time that would be more to the interest of this section of the country than to promote and encourage immigration. The great immigration current has heretofore tended westward and never south, and for reasons well known to us all. The foreign immigrant had nothing to attract him southward while slavery was a recognized institution. As a laborer he could not compete with the African slave, but besides this, the influence of capital operated powerfly upon the immigration tide. Great corporations.—the powerful companions of railroad builders especially—held out irresistable inducements to the foreign laborer to go West. There was a vast, rich territory; there were homesteads waiting without a cent to pay for them; indeed the foreign immigrant had every inducement to go West, whereas it was very questionable whether the South did not prefer to be without them. So much for the past. The present shows the South in a very different light; in so different a light that if the foreigner can be made to realize the actual present condition of affairs he will find that there are as many reasons for him to turn southward as westward; but Mr. Chairman, it seems to me that our present course is not so much to invite the *foreigner* as the citizens of northern States. These are the men that we *most* need just now. We need their labor and we need their capital. Experience of a few years past is sufficient for us to understand that we need our *Northern Brother*, with his money and his intelligence more than any other. And to him we can offer the greatest inducements to come and make his home in our midst. We can say to him you are living in thickly peopled country, where lands are high and where there are not so many ways of profitably investing your surplus capital, while here we have far better lands than yours at one tenth the price; here we have a more genial and just as healthy a climate as yours; and citizens of no country are more peaceful and law abiding, as is evidenced in many ways. We must disabuse their minds, and assure them that we are disposed to receive them in good faith as friends and fellow-citizens. The peaceful condnct of the people of this section of country ever since the close of the war, and the disposition always to abide by the law, speak more than words can.

I say then Mr. Chairman that if we go to work right and in earnest in this business we can satisfy the northern man that it will be to his interest pecuniarly and otherwis to come and dwell in our midst. We have plenty of room; we have a rich soil adapted to the raising of all kinds of grain in perfection, adapted to grape culture, but especially adapted to the raising of cotton. Now let us show the nothern man who is disposed to labor that the cultivation of cotton can be as successfully done by the white or colord freeman as it was done by the slave in past years. Now the price of cotton must hereafter always be remunerative to the raising of it. No country on earth can compete with this in the raising of cotton, or such at least is the experience up to this time. Cotton therefore is the *safe* crop, the absolutely certain crop, because the world must have it and the Southern States of America must furnish it.

We could not reasonably, Mr. Chairman, expect any great influx of population immediately. We have a great work to do, and it must be done first of all, then we may expect gradual increases in population, which will bring wealth along with it, or at least the means of procucing wealth, so that with the increase of population will be increase of wealth and general intelligence.

Now I repeat we are on the right road. Quite a considerable population from the northern States have already settled in our midst,—they are well known for their works show for themselves. What is of interest to us in the affairs of North Carolina is equally of interest to them. They see it, they perfectly well understand it, and so do we who are to the manor born. Let us show to those who may come that we will receive them as friends in good faith. Come and cast your lot with us and you shall be welcome. *Now* without doubt is the opportune time for this move. Now when northern capitalist are looking southward as a place where they can well and profitably invest their capital. Let us say come: Let this Society be ready to give information such as they may wish, to acquaint them thoroughly with our country. Time will show whether we are in earnest, whether we have begun this good work with a determination to go through with it. If indeed we have so begun, ultimate success is certain.

After remarks by other gentlemen the meeting adjourned.

W. F. MARTIN,
Chairman.

F. VAUGHAN, Sect'y.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE

The Albemarle Region.

The counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan and Dare constitute what is known as the Albemarle country—a level and remarkably rich region bounded by the State of Virginia on the North and the Atlantic Ocean on the East. The counties above named are small, averaging about 200 square miles each. During the late war these counties were known as that part of the State of North Carolina *this side the line.* The easternmost of these counties are Currituck and Dare and are washed by the ocean. The soil is in a great measure sandy and adapted to the growth of grape. Melons of every kind, and fruits and vegetables are raised in great quantities. Further from the ocean, the lands become richer, and vast quantities of corn, wheat, potatoes and peas are raised; also, of late years, immense quantities of cotton. Nearly all of these counties border on the Albemarle Sound, into which pour broad and beautiful rivers from every direction, all or nearly all of which are navigable for large vessels, for many miles into the interior. I think it would be safe to say that nine tenths of all the farmers in this region are within three miles of some navigable stream, so that the products of the land are with little trouble shipped to any of the markets of the world. On account of the genial climate, these streams are seldom frozen so as to intefere with the shipping, therefore the idle season at the North is the busy season here. From the first of November until the first of May, vessels are busy carrying into market, grain, cotton and other productions; also lumber, shingles, rail-road timber, and so forth. I am not now prepared to give a fair estimate of the shipments of produce yearly from this remarkable fertile region, but I can say with certainty that no part of this great country, of the size, sends into market a larger amount of grain. Statistics will be published at an early day throwing much light upon these things.

Elizabeth City, in the county of Pasquotank, is situated nearly in the centre of the Albemarle region, on the Pasquotank River, about 18 miles from its mouth at the Albemarle Sound, It has a population estimated at 4000 or a little upwards. It is the largest town in the Albemarle region, and carries on an extensive trade, not only with domestic but with foreign ports. This trade is in grain, cotton, lumber, tar, fish &c. The town is large and generally sparcely built, especially the late extension; but some of the streets are tolerably well built, and, in Fall and Winter seasons, present a lively appearance. One of these is Road Street, extending from North to South nearly through the middle of the town. Main, another handsome street, also runs nearly through the middle of the town, from East to West;—the other principal business street is Water Street, which runs almost paralel to, and near the wharves;—this is much the best built street in town. The town was never so prosperous as since the late war. During the war it was almost ruined, all the best houses were burned; and when the war ended the whole town presented a scene of dilapidation and ruin, but it began to recover from the severe shock it had received in 1869, and has continued to improve from that time to the present. Probably 100 or more houses have been built in it since 1869, many of which are of no mean order. Four extensive lumber, grist and plaining mills are now in operation; a four story brick hotel 70 by 120 feet, with all the modern conveniances has just been opened and a number of splendid residences have been erected, from all of which, one who sees may read that a bright futnre for us is plainly written. More hereafter about all this; suffice it to say now that the people of this region have learned some valuable lessons since the war, not the least important of which is, that the system of slave labor was a mistake, at least here, and that we have a country capable of being made one beautiful garden spot under the control of intelligent freemen.

PETREL.

Elizabeth City, Dec. 28, 1872.

Eastern North Carolina—Its attractions to Immigrants—Cheap Lands, a Mild Climate, and an orderly Population.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

A number of my Northern friends having written me on this subject, I have addressed each the following letter. In order that it may reach others I send it to you for publication in your paper which I know has a wide circulation.

ADOPTED CITIZEN.

I have now lived in this county nearly four years. I purchased property and engaged in business. I have taken an active part in every movement, including politics, just as I did in the North. I have traveled considerably in eight counties in this District. I have been universally known as "a Yankee," and I have yet to receive the first insult. I have never received more cordial and respectful treatment anywhere.

The condition of society here is much better than I anticipated. There are now no inmates in our jail. The County Poor House has but five paupers. What county in any of the Northern, Eastern or Western States can show a better record in these particulars.

The lands here are cheap, especially are they so when we consider their commercial advantages—nearness to navigable waters and to market. Good unimproved lands can be had everywhere within four miles of a navigable river for $2. per acre, and with moderate improvements at from $10 to $15. per acre. The soil is nearly all adapted for corn, cotton, wheat, and vegetables. The water is better than most of that in the West, and the health is quite as good.

The timber is mostly large pine, junipers and cypress. The Winters are very mild, fine weather continuing until about Christmas, and garden planting commencing in the early part of February.

The morals of the people will compare with any other. The colored population are quiet, peacable and orderly. Quite a number of Northern families have located here and are doing well and are respected according to their deserts. The universal desire of all is for more to come.

I have been through the Northern and Western States and I do not hesitate to say that taking climate, market facilities, cleverness of the people and ease of making a comfortable support, with cheapness of lands into consideration, I know of no place so promising to a poor man with a small capital as this. And hence I earnestly commend Eastern Carolina to those seeking a new home.

Near Eliz. City, N. C., Dec. 12, 1872.

From Raleigh.

The following resolutions were passed; in favor of the Sheriff of Dare County. [Allows said Sheriff until the first day of Febuary, 1873, to settle with the Treasurer.] In regard to the manner of drawing jurors for the Federal Court in this State. [Requests Congress to so amend the law that jurors may be drawn upon the same general principle that jurors for the Superior Counts of this State are drawn.] In regard to the perdiem of absent members. [No member shall be entitled to per diem when absent unless in case of sickness, or when on special business of the General Asembly.] In favor of Sheriffs. Authorises the State Treasurer to allow the claims of Sheriffs incurred by reason of conveying convicts to the Penitentiary; authorises the Auditor to audit such claims, if Sheriffs have already paid State taxes for their counties and still such claims agaist the State, it is made the duty of the Auditor to audit, and the Treasurer to pay such claims; and in case Sheriffs have settled with any of the County Commissioners, such expenses shall be allowed by the Treasurer.]

From Washington.

Congress adjourned for the holidays.

The President has approved the act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to transport in a Government vessel, free of duty, a monument, designed by Admiral Porter, to be erected in the grounds of the Naval Academy in memory of the officers, seamen, and marines of the Navy who fell in defense of the Union.

The Vienna Exposition bill was passed as reported from the Foreign Affairs Committee. It appropriates $100,000, to be spent at the discretion of the Secretary of State.

The whole amount of National Bank currency having now been issued, the Controller of the Currency will hereafter decline to organize banks in the States which are in excess, thus giving the States which are deficient in the distribution of currency the privilege of returning the notes of the banks which have closed business for the purpose of organizing banks in accordance with the spirit of the law.

The United States and Spanish Governments have just concluded an agreement for jointly taking testimony in Cuba, to be used by the Commission holding its session in Washington, for adjudication of the claims of American citizens growing out of the present rebellion in that island.

Immigration.

We are glad to see very many of the best papers in the State wheeling in to line, and discussing the practicability and importance of some measure looking to Immigration. As some old saw has said "no country can thrive without people," we say such cannot be then, unless our population is increased by the right kind of people. We do not mean to say that we have not some of the best people in the world but we mean to say that we need more of the same sort.

Thousands upon thousonds of acres of fertile, arable land, mill-sites, water powers of all kinds, mines of minerals &c., lie in profusion arounds us lacking but a few strokes of energy and the application of a little money to develope them into large sources of revenue. Every stream ought to have its mills and factories, every mine its shaft, and every acre of cleared land an industrious tenant, and when that is accomplished and a co-operative system of labor adopted, we may soon expect to see onr State rank with the best in point of variety and quantity of its poducts.

In a multitude of counsel there is wisdom, then let us hear from every newspaper, aud public spirited man in the state that there may be some unity of action.—*Roanoke News.*

A DRUG STORE WORTH SEEING

To the Editor of the North Carolinian

During a recent visit to your little City I was among other things attracted by the new Drug Store of Dr. J. N. BUTT, No. 75 Road Street, and I cannot resist the impulse to ask your readers to call and see it, as it is not surpassed by any you will meet in the South, not in Baltimore will you find one more elegantly fitted up except its deficiency in gas lights which the Doctor hopes to supply soon. It is a two story brick building, 65 by 27 feet, with dwelling above. The lower story is divided into Dispensing Room, Office, Ware Room and Laboratory. The Store Room is vary light. The front being entirely of plate glass, nine pieces 90 inches long, with two doors and one window, glass 56 x 90. The doors being double, shut one upon the other, and when open, as in summer, are folded back into a recess to the wall, making a straight line with the door and an elegant finish. The doors and flanges to the same being of plate glass, 90 inches long, does not impede the light open or shut. The floor is almost even with the pavement and is covered with a carpet of cocoa matting. There are two counters on either side, 12 feet long, beautifully white splendidly finished, and of good design with Italian marble tops. Their ends 8 feet from the doors, pass at right angle to the wall. On the right hand one is a Tennessee Marble Fountain, and on the other an Aquarium of Gold and other Fish. On either side between the door and counter, is a fine silver mounted walnut Show Case, 5 feet high, fastened to the wall a beautiful and attractive ornament to display Fancy Articles, and in the rear a Poison Case of the same kind. Three find silver mounted and one plate glass Prescription Case, with scroll and clock on top, and one fine balance scale adorn the counters.

There are over 120 drawers which make a fine display, they are of sweet gum varnished, which is the prettiest wood that could be used. The shelves are supported on iron brackets, at the terminus of which, 3 feet from the ceiling, is a snow white cornice, interlined with two strips of gilt moulding. The wall and entire store is pure white except the drawers and when lighted preseets a very imposing display.

Last but not least, is the "little jewel" of an office, which is so much needed by every business man. The Doctor is doing, as he tells us, an extensive and lucrative office practice. It is fitted up in fine style, with every modern necessity and examinations are made with as much privacy as in your own home. The Laboratory is not yet finsshed, but when done will be a very responsible part of the establishment. The Doctor keeps a large stock of gold pertaining to the Drug Trade. VISITOR.

September 1872.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRODRICK & SMITH,

DEAERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Water Street.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

BOOTS, BASKETS, BLANKETS, BUCKETS,
REPELLANTS, RUFFLING, RUGS, ROBES,
OIL-CLOTHS, OPERA FLANNELS, OILS,
DELAINS, DOMESTICS, DENIMS, DISHES,
RUBBERS, REPS, RAIN-SHEDDERS, RINGS,
INKUSINDICAS, INSERTING, IRONWARE, INK,
COMBS, COLLARS, CLOTHING, COTTONS,
KNIT GOODS, KENTUCKY JEANS, KEROSENE,
&
STOVES, SPADES, SHOVELS, SAWS
MUSLIN, MEAL, MOLASSES, MACCARONI,
IRONS, INDIGO, IRISH POTATOES, ITALIAN CLOTH,
TABLE-COVERS, TOILET SOAPS, TWEEZERS,
HAIR-OILS, HARDWARE, HAMMERS, HATS.
WADDING, SUGAR,
AFGANS, TOMATOES,
TRUNKS, RAISONS,
EXTRACTS, ENVELOPES
RICE, ERASERS
TEAS,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County.

Charles Blair, Pltff.

Against

U. H. Moore & Co.

It appearing that the defendent U. H. Moore & Co., are now residints of North Carolina. They are hereby notified to appear at my office in Edenton, Chowan county, N. C., on the 30th day of January next at 12 o'clock M., and answer the plaintiff's complaint for the non payment of the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars, due by account and demanded by said plaintiff.

CHARLEL E. ROBINSON, J. P.

Dec. 30th, 1872.

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County.

William P. Jones, Plt'ff.

Against

U. H. Moore & Co.

It appearing that the defendants U. H. Moore & Co., are nonresicents of North Carolina: They are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Edenton, Chowan County N. C., on the 16th day of January next at 12 o'clock M., and answer the plaintiff's complaint for the non-payment of the sum of Seventy-eight Dollars and Eighty-five Cents due by account and demanded by said plaintiff.

PETER F. WHITE, J. P.

December 16th, 1872.

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County.

Robert D. Bunch, Plt'ff

Against

U. H. Moore & Co.

It appearing that the defendants U. H. Moore & Co., are nonresidents of North Carolina. They are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Edenton, Chowan Co., N. C., on the 16th day of January next at 12 o'clock M., and answer the plaintiff's complaint for the non-payment of the sum of Fifty-nine Dollars and Thirty-nine Cents, due by account and demanded by said plaintiff.

PETER F, WHITE.

December 16th, 1862.

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County.

Joseph T. Waff, Plt'ff

Against

U. H. Moore & Co.

It appearing that the defendants U. H. Moore & Co., are non-residents of North Carolina. They are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Edenton, Chowan County, N. C., on the 19 day of January next at 2 o'clock M., and answer the plaintiff's complaint for the non-payment of the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars, due by account and demanded by said plaintiff.

PETER F. WHITE, J. P.

December 19th, 1872.

State of North Carolina, } In Superior Court.
Pasquotank County, } Dec. 21st, 1872.

John L. Chamberlain, Adm'r of Jacob Richardson. To the Court and

Against

John W. Bright and Mary Lane, L. W. Lamb and wife Eliza A. and Joseph Richardson heirs at law and next of kin.

PETITION TO SELL LAND.

It appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that Gerge W. Bright and wife Mary Jane and Joseph Richardson these of the above defendants are nonresidents of the State of North Carolina, residing in the State of Ohio. It is ordered that publication be made in the *North Carolinian* a newspaper published in E. City for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the office of the Clerk of said Court within forty days from the date of this notice, then and there to plead, answer or demur or the relief asked in the premises will be granted.

WM. E. VAUGHAN,
Clerk Superior Court,
Pasquotank County.

28-6t.

ALBEMARLE HOUSE

OF

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

JUST OPENED!

Accomodations adeqnate for 200 guests.

Particular attention shown to people desirous of spending the winter in the South.

☞ Board $2.00 per day.

J. C. PERRY,
Proprietor.

January 1st, 1873.

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County

Thomas C. Spruill, Plt'ff,

Against

U. H. Moore & Co.

It appearing that the defendants U. H. Moore & Co., are non-residents of North Carolina; They are hereby notified to appear at my office in Edenton, Chowan County, N. C., on the 16th day of January next at 12 o'clock M. and answer the Plaintiff's complaint for the non-payment of the sum of One Hundred Dollars, due by account and demanded by said Plaintiff.

CHARLES E. ROBINSON, J. P.

December 16th, 1872.

NORTH CAROLINIAN
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 1, 1873.

TO NORTHERN VISITORS.

Elizabeth City is 50 miles South East of Norfolk, Va. Parties coming here from the North should take passage on the Bay line Steamers which leave Baltimore at 4 P. M. every evening, and arrive at Portsmouth the next morning in time to connect with the Elizabeth City Steamers, daily.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue.

Court Notices.
New York Advertisements.
Albemarle House.
Brodrick & Smith.
Notice.

Local and Personal

Now is the time to advertise.

Boys! leap year is over. Advance and give the countersign.

But a comparatively small part of the corn crop has yet been sold.

Hon. C. L. COBB and lady have been spending a few days at home.

Quite a number of new buildings are in the course of erection in different parts of the City.

The shop windows, during the holidays just closing, have been unusually gay.

Our Devil is puzzled. He wants to know that if the world is round how on earth it can come to an end?

"Close times for money" is the salutation. It has superceded all original remarks about the weather.

Our Winton correspondent shall have a hearing next week. Several communications have been crowded out.

Among the Northern arrivals since our last we notice Maj. F. D. BUNNEL and family, and B. T. VAN HORN Esq., all of Wellsboro, Pa.

Other important matter claiming our attention this week has crowded out our Story and usual miscellaneous reading. They will be resumed in our next.

"The coldest weather for many years" is the burden of reports from all parts of the country, South as well as North. Railroads and steamboats have been blockaded by snow and ice.

Up to date there has been six hundred and eighty Bales of Cotton shipped from the Port of Elizabeth City this season. This does not include the amount shipped over the line from adjacent points in this and neighboring counties.

During the past week quite a number, including men and boys, have gone forth with guns, and right often have they come back with flushed faces and lame legs, and they declare that the hunting is good, but the game is scarce.

For years the great mass of movers have had their faces turned Westward. Before the war the reason seemed to be that labor was supposed to be less honorable in the South than in the West; since the war the unsettled condition of the South repelled immigration. But all this now is changed. The letter of "Adopted Citizen," elsewhere published, states what we know from personal observation and experience to be true. We are abundantly satisfied that no section offers greater inducements for industrious, frugal, energetic immigration than Eastern Carolina.

Our friend C. W. HOLLOWELL Esq., permits us to copy the follow extract from a letter just received from one of the largest Cotton Factors of Baltimore:

"The quality of the cotton in Pasquotank, Perquimans and Chowan Counties is remarkably good this year. Our spinners say there is about 3 per cent less loss in working it than most of the cotton from N. C., and that the staple is stronger. Taking these advantages into consideration we hope ere long to see that portion of your State take the lead in raising the staple."

Mr. HOLLOWELL informs us that the yield from some of the land in this county has reached 2000 lbs per acre this season, which at 3½ cents per pound is $70.

Elizabeth City now contains a population of about four thousand. Two years ago it was less than fifteen hundred. Then we were without a paper, without a bank, without a good school, or Hotel—in short everything looked blue and everybody was dispirited, discouraged and disheartened. To-day we have a thriving newspaper, two Banks, the largest and best Hotel in the State and four good Schools, in addition to quite as many of the appliances and surroundings of comfort and progress as could be expected. This is but the beginning. There is now a more hopeful feeling among the people here—a genial and healthy popular sentiment and a liberal spirit manifested by all far beyond what has yet existed. All this is encouraging—is auspicious for the future.

Friday last was "St. John's day," celebrated by the brethren of the mystic tie" as the anniversary of the birth of St. John, the Evangelist, a patron saint of Fremasonry. Lodges in ancient times were dedicated to King Solomon. the first M. W. G. M., and continued to be so dedicated until after the Crusades. Among the various orders of Knights engaged in these chivalric wars none were more conspicuous than the magnanimous order of the Knights of St. John. Many brethren of the ancient craft also went forth to aid in redeeming the sepulchre of the Saviour from the hands of the infidels; between these and the Knights of St. John there existed a reciprocal feeling of brotherly love. On the plains of Jerusalem they entered into a solem compact of friendship, and it was mutually agreed between them that henceforth all lodges whose members acknowledge the divinity of Christ should be dedicated to St. John the Evangelist, who was the eminent Christian patron of Freemasonry.

To strangers in the North who receive this number of our paper we would say: If you desire full and reliable information respecting this part of the South you will do well to send us One Dollar and read the NORTH CAROLINIAN six months. Then, after reading what we may have to say, *come and see for yourselves.*

We hear that a project is on foot to inaugurate a Company, somewhat on the plan we have suggested in these columns, to build a Cotton Factory at this place. It will be an important and we are sure a successful enterprize. What folly to continue sending the raw material away that could be so profitably manufactured here where grown. We shall have more to say on this subject hereafter.

A gentleman from Southern New York writes that he visited this section about a year ago, his object being to prospect the country. He says he was favorably impressed, but that having left home to make an extended tour through the South, Southwest, and West, he spent most of the year in doing so. He writes that he has finally decided to come and locate here. He is now satisfied that this Albemarle region of North Carolina offers better inducements to the Northern and Eastern immigrant than any section he visited. He proposes coming here in the early Spring.

The new Hotel—the ALBEMARLE HOUSE—opens to-day for the reception of boarders and guests. It is not only an ornament to the City, but is the largest Hotel in the South. It has been constructed on the modern plan with all the improvements for utility and comfort, and it will be kept in first class style. The proprietor Mr. PERRY, is genial and popular, and he will spare no effort to make his guests feel at home. Northern gentlemen who desire to spend one, two, or three of the Winter months either alone or with their families, at the South will find the ALBEMARLE HOTEL the very place to stop at.

The Immigration meetings held in the Court House—see proceedings elsewhere—were entirely successful. They were attended by our leading citizens, showing the general interest felt in the subject. The speeches were of the right tone and in the right spirit. Col. MARTIN, who presided and who has been selected as the President of the Society formed, is a leading representative Southern man. He is a gentleman of high character, great ability and commanding influence. He has embarked in this movement in good faith, believing that Northern immigrants of the right kind can be benefited by coming here and that the best interests of the South will be advanced by their coming. Instead of looking down upon the honest toiler he takes the high position that from the time the Divine command went forth "from the sweat of thy brow shalt thou earn thy daily bread," labor is honorable and those honestly engaging in it should be respected. His Honor Judge ALBERTSON was satisfied from long observation that our great need is an influx of the industry, energy and practical experience of the *workers* of the North, and that it is our interest as well as our duty to encourage and welcome this class among us. Ex-Senator SPEED believed that when the advantages of our Albemarle country and the hospitality of its people to strangers were once fully known abroad there would be no difficulty about immigration. To properly advertise the facts was a part of the business of the organization about to be formed and he was in favor of it. Senator POOL refered to the progress and improvements made in our City by Northern enterprize and asserted that but for the Northern men who had settled here these things would not have been accomplished in twenty years. These were tangible evidences of what Northern immigration was doing and would do for us. He wanted it encouraged, and while he was glad to know that his neighbors and fellow citizens had cordially extended the hand of welcome and fellowship to the Northern people who had cast their lot here he desired that they should continue to do this and so act as to make every Northern man and his family feel and know that they were really welcome and were among friends. Quite a number of other speeches were made—all in the same spirit. The feeling among all classes is of the very best kind. All are willing to work for the common good.

LOCAL PORT-FOLIO.

A handsome couple—modesty and merit. Forced politeness—bowing to circumstances. Motto for grocers—honest tea is the best policy. How to put a horse on his metal—shoe him. Hard ware—old clothes. Guilt frames—prison windows. Texts for sinners—pretexts. Harmless pugilism—striking attitudes. Strange bed clothes—three sheets in the wind. Unredeemable bonds—vagabonds. Can always put up with—a good hotel keeper. Past and gone—merry Christmas. Which is the quickest—a full minnute or a spare moment? A good thing—the relighting of the street lamps.

Hon Wm. D. Kelly of Philadelphia, several years ago made an extensive trip through the South. In speaking of North Carolina, he says:

My friends, North Carolina is the most beautiful and richest portion of God's earth upon which my vision or feet have ever rested. She produces cotton, tar, pitch, turpentine and superior timber. Her soil and climate are adapted to the cereals, wheat, corn, and oats. Her native vines made the fortune of Longworth who carried cuttings there. The wine producing vineyards of Western Pennsylvania and scattered through Missouri, are from the cuttings taken from the native vines of North Carolina. To my friends who are tired of City life and think of emigrating, I say put not a thousand or fifteen hundred miles between your families and their old homes by going to the distant West. There is a more genial climate and a country as rich and beautiful, within a few hundred miles of your homes in which you can buy lands contiguous to towns destined under the influence of freemen, soon to be cities, and at prices cheaper than in the West.

Business Locals.

The 'cold snap' don't prevent FOWLER from selling as cheap as ever.

The wonderful H. H. H. medicine cures "all the ills that" (Horse) "flesh is heir to." For sale at Brodrick & Smith's.

The largest and best assortment of goods in town at Brodrick & Smith's.

Lowenburg & Jacobs, at 22 and 24 Market Square, Norfolk, Va., propose to carry on the campaign of 1873 more vigorously than ever in the Dry Goods, Clothing, Boot, Shoe and Notion line. They are prepared to accomodate all their friends and "the rest of mankind" at bottom prices. Go and see them.

A new arrival of Stoves, at Brodrick & Smith's.

The best goods for the least price, at Brodrick & Smith's.

OUR BODILY INFIRMITIES.—Physical infirmities are the lot of all. Millions are always sick. No man, woman or child is uniformly in perfect health. Much, however, of the sickness and suffering which render life a burden to many of our fellow beings, is due to carelessness and neglect. [illegible] It is [illegible] a stimulant, tonic and [illegible] of which every ingredient is vegetable. This unexceptionable [illegible] and corrective [illegible] new thing under the sun." [illegible] bilious complaints [illegible] Hostetter's Stomach Bitters [illegible] everywhere [illegible] popular.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS

are extensively COUNTERFEITED. Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of Job Moses on each package. All others are worthless imitations. The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed from any knowledge of its contents.*

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. **Price 35 cents per box.** JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.
Prepared by J. GARANCIERE,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Premature Emissions*; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency*; Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They cure when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. **Price $1 per Box.** Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation,* on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK, Sole General Agent for America.

Norfolk Market.

Cotton from 17c @ [illegible]. Wheat from $1,50 @ $2,[illegible] according to quality. Corn 60.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible] Save [illegible]

[illegible]

Dr. T[illegible] [illegible] 1871.

[illegible] A. M. W[illegible]BORN.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye is the best in use.

$10,000—HOW TO OBTAIN IT. AGENTS WANTED.
Particulars and samples sent on receipt of stamp. NO CAPITAL NECESSARY. Address M. DUTTON & CO., 704 Broadway, New York.

CATARRH, CONSUMPTION & RHEUMATISM.
Immediate relief and a permanent cure guaranteed in every case. Particulars [illegible] Address CLINTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 11 [illegible] 15th St., New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.
Rule and Prescriptions that will cure any case of Seminal Weakness, Emissions, &c., and restore lost manhood to perfect health. SENT FREE TO ALL by one who has suffered and is now cured. Address, with stamp, EDGAR TREMAINE, Station D., New York.

LOVE AND MATRIMONY.
The affections may be gained by following simple rules, and all may marry happily without regard to wealth, age or beauty. Address, with stamp, MADAM LUCILLE EDEMARRE, Bible House Station, New York. (J. N. H.) 26-1yr.

MAKE MONEY Fast and honorably, by at once applying for a territorial right, (which are given free to agents,) to sell the best, strongest, and most useful and rapid selling Sewing Machine, and Patent Button Hole Worker, ever used or recommended by families, or buy one of your own use; it is only $5. Sent free everywhere by express. Address for particulars, JEROME B. HUDSON & CO., Corner Greenwich and Courtlandt Streets, New York. 13-6m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

State of North Carolina, } JUSTICE'S COURT.
Chowan County. }

John A. Bunch, Plt'ff
Against
U. H. Moore & Co.,

It appearing that the defendant U. H. Moore & Co. are non-residents of North Carolina: They are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Edenton, Chowan Co., N. C., on the 16th day of January next at 12 o'clock M., and answer to plaintiff's complaint for the non-payment of the sum of Forty Dollars, due by account and demanded by said plaintiff.

CHARLES E. ROBINSON, J. P.
December [illegible]th, 1872.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

Place of [illegible] Pasquotank City circuit [illegible] the [illegible] Sar[illegible]

3rd. Sunday [illegible]	A. M.	Newland
"	P.	McBride
4th [illegible]	A.	Newbegun.
" Three	P.	Union.
1st Sunday in Jan. [illegible]	n A. M.	McBrides.
" " "	P. M.	Newland.
2d " "	A. M.	Halls Creek
" " "	P. M.	Mt Hermon.

The Stewards of the circuit will please meet me at the Court House Wednesday following the third Sunday [illegible] month, at Eleven o'clock A. M.

JAMES W. CAMPTON, P. C.
Dec. 11th, 1872.-25-1t.

ROWELL'S COLUMN.

AGENTS WANTED FOR COBBIN'S
CHILD'S COMMENTATOR
ON THE BIBLE, for the HOME CIRCLE. 1,200 pages, 250 Engravings. The best enterprise of the year for Agents. Every family will have it. Nothing like it now published. For Circulars address, H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

BOOK AGENTS now at work, or looking for some new book, should write at once for circulars of the best-selling books published. Extraordinary inducements offered. *Superb premiums given away.* Particulars free. Address QUEEN CITY PUBLISHING CO., Cinnatti, Ohio.

$1,000 REWARD. For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DEBING'S Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggist. Price, $1.00.

TRICKS AND TRAPS OF AMERICA.
Would you avoid being "bit" by rogues, swindlers and humbugs! Read the *The Star Spangle Banner.*" A large, Illustrated 40-column 8 page paper *Ledger* size. Splendid Stories, Sketches, Tales, Poems, Wit, Humor, Puzzles, Recipes, &c. 11th year. 1 a year, with elegant Prang Chromo, "Autumn Leaves," free to all. ONLY $1. TRY IT ONCE. *Satisfaction guaranteed.* Agents wanted. Outfit FREE. Specimens, &c., for 6 cents. Address "BANNER," Hinsdale, N. H.

HOW WHEN AND WHERE TO
ADVERTISE.
SEE THE
ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE.
BY MAIL, 25 CENTS.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
41 Park Row, New York.

1823. JUBILEE! 1873.
OF THE
NEW YORK OBSERVER
The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper. $3 a Year with the JUBILEE YEAR BOOK.
SIDNEY E. MORSE & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY.

OPIUM EATERS.
If you wish to be cured of the habit, address **S. CLARKE, M. D., Mt. Vernon, Ohio.**

$5 to 20 Per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

TREES! FLOWERS! BULBS!
SEEDS! HEDGE PLANTS!
Nursery Stock Fruit and Flower Plates!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,
ILLINOIS.
600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr., $30; 3 yrs., $40; 4 yrs., $50 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.
4—4m.

"THE OLD MERCHANT"
S. Weisel,
Corner Main and Water Streets.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Dealer in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Linens, Cloths, Cassimeres, Clothing, Trimmings, Silks, and Fancy Dress Goods. Also Hats, Caps and the very best assortment of Boots and Shoes.

The best assortment and quality of Goods kept in the City.
April 11th, 1872.–1yr.

SHEPPERD STREET MILLS.—

We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that these MILLS have just been remodelled and *thoroughly* repaired and such alterations made as makes them first-class Flouring Mills, where all the fine grades of Family Flour can be made and corn meal not surpassed in the country. We are also prepared to saw all kinds of lumber not exceeding 30 ft. in length on shortest notice. We will keep constantly on hand our new style of shingles; will also furnish plastering laths, fire-wood and other articles in our line

STORE

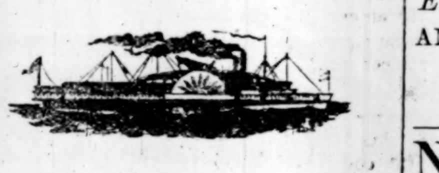
At the corner of Shepperd street and Factory Avenue we keep a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions generally; together with Notions, Dry Goods, &c. Also Dr. Ballejeou's celebrated Fever and Ague medicide. Warranted to cure or no pay.

Grain and Cotton wanted; also saw logs for which the highest market price will be paid. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

WM. UNDERWOOD & CO.
11-tf.

$1,000 REWARD For any case of Blind Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR. BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggist. Price $1.00,
DR KREBS & CO., Agents,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FOUTZ.
Nov. 13th, 1872.—1yr.

DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO



Carrying the United States Mail

From Elizabeth City, N. C., to Norfolk, Va.

The Steamer "Thomas Jefferson," Conklin, Commanding, leaves the wharf of the Company at E. City every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M., returning alternate days from Newton's wharf at Norfolk, Va., at 7 o'clock A. M.

The Steamer "Elizabeth City," Capt. Sleight, leaves Elizabeth City on Tuesdays and Thursdays, returning from Norfolk Tuesdays via of this place to Columbia and Spruil's Bridge.

On Mondays from Norfolk, and Saturdays from Elizabeth City, other Steamers just put on the line will run.

For further information apply to
W. A. HARNEY, Agent.
E. City N. C. 1872.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT
DRUGGIST
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

DR. JAS. N. BUTT. "The Popular Druggist," has removed his Stock of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass and Patent Medicines to his Fine and Commodious

STORE.

J. M. MATHEWS,
WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

HAVING located in the Guirkin building, near the corner of Main and Road Sts., Elizabeth City, N. C. is prepared to operate in the Watch Maker and Jeweler business in all its departments. He respectfully solicit a share of patronage.
April 18th, 1872.–1yr.

THE EMPIRE
FLUTING SAD IRON,

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.
It will Please all Housekeepers,
IT IS SO HANDY AND SIMPLE.

It is in the most convenient form, and costs but a trifle compared with the ordinary Fluting Irons, which cost from $10.00 to $25.00 and it will do work that cannot be done with the expensive machines. Every family can have the best and handiest Fluting and Crimping Iron, as well as the best Sad Iron, at a small extra cost more than an ordinary Sad Iron.

It is arranged so as to be used for a Sad Iron or Fluting Iron or both.

I will Flute or Crimp the finest Fabrics, without damaging them, and is always handy and adapted to all kinds of work.

Sold by Agents only. *State and County rights for sale.*

Canvassing Agents Wanted.
Address
EMPIRE FLUTING SAD IRON CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

A Sample can be seen at this office.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE
Estate of Aquilla P. Hyman.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been chosen by the creditors as Assignee of the Estate of Aquilla P. Hyman, of Halifax Co., who has been a judged a Bankrupt by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

H. HUGHES, Assignee,
Jackson, N. C.
16-3

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES!

FROM one of the best Manufactories in the United States, (McLear and Kendell, Wilmington Del.) I have and will continue to recieve a full assortment of BUGGIES, with and without tops, which I will sell very cheap. Also Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c., also on hand. As I deal direct from the Mannfacturers I can sell at prices to defy competition. Orders respectfully solicited Road street near Main, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dec. 7. 1871-1y. MILES COMMANDER.

NORTH CAROLINA, } SUPERIOR COURT
Washington County, } J. A. Melson Cl'k.

Amos James
vs. } Petition for Divorce.
Margaret James.

It apearing to the undersigned, Clerk of the Superior Court of Washington county, that the defendaul above named is a non resident of North Carolina, a summons having been returned not served by the Sheriff of said county. The said Margaret James is hereby notified to appear before the undersigned, Clerk of the Superior Court of Washington county, at this office in Plymouth, N. C., on the first day of February 1873 and answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above named action, which is deposited with the said Clerk; and let her take notice that if she fail to answer said complaint at said time and place, issues will be submitted to a Jury at the next Term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held in Plymouth on the third Monday in February, 1873, and judgment taken against her for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness J. A. Melson, Clerk of Superior Court of Washington county at office this Nov. 6th, 1872.

26-4t. J. A. MELSON.

FURNITURE!
FURNITURE!!
Ho ye that need anything in the line of
FURNITURE
GO TO THE
FURNITURE
STORE
ON
WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION
P. W. MELICK.
Nov 6th, 1872.—tf.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

A first-class North Carolina Institution with $225,000 Capital and surplus liable for losses. A home enterprise that circulates its currency at home to help develop the resources of the State and enrich her people.

It deals justly, manages economically and judiciously, adjusts its losses equitably, and pays them promptly.

Call at SPEED & BLACK'S, Life and Fire Insurance Agency, Road St., Elizabeth City and secure a policy on your property 25-3m.

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING
NEATLY, CHEAPLY AND PROMPTLY
EXECUTED.

BUY YOUR
FALL AND WINTER
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, BOOTS,
SHOES, CLOTHING,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
HATS, CAPS, CARPETS, FURS, &C.
OF
S. S. Fowler,
ON WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.
For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America.

For Sale by DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.
E. City, N. C. Oct. 5, 1871–1y.

FRANK M. COOK,
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
AGENT FOR THE

THIS UNEQUALLED SEWING MACHINE uses a straight needle and drop under feed, "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides.)

Has a self adjusting Tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloth and will even sew Lether.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch Gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally as well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and cotton goods, with Silk Linen or cotton thread.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1 to Turn by Hand	$25,00
No. 2 complete with table Treadle	$37,00
No. 3 complete with table treadle and cover	$42.00
No. 4 nice cabinet case	$75.00

WARRANTEE.

Every Machine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails, from any imperfection within five years I will supply the part free of cost.

Agents wanted in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck and Dare.

Office No. 70 Road Street.
E. City, N. C.

FRUIT TREES.

Large Stock	FOR	Send for
and	FALL	Catalogue
Unequalled	PLANTING.	and
Assortment.		Price List

5-5m. EDW'D J. EVANS & CO., YORK, PA.

THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
OF
DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.,
Corner Main and Road Street
The place to buy *Cheap.*
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
TO BUY PURE
LEAD, ZINC, OILS
AND PAINTS
OF ALL COLORS.
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
TO BUY
PURE MEDICINES
OF ALL KIND.
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
TO BUY
GLASS AND
PUTTY.
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
To Buy Your Toilet Articles
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
To Buy Statianary of Every Style.
GO TO THE
DRUG EMPORIUM
To Have Your Prescriptions carefully compouded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CAMDEN ACADEMY.
CAMDEN COURT HOUSE, CAMDEN CO.,
NORTH CAROLINA.

Offers, on very low terms, the advantages of thorough instruction, and high grade of scholarship, in a religious and refined community, and a location remarkable for healthfulness. Board can be had, either at the Hotel or at private family, for $10 per month. The charges, in the different branches are as follows:

Elementary English	$8 to $10
Higher Mathematics, English and Book Keeping	15
Latin and Greek,	5
Modern Languages, (German and Italian,	5
Metaphysics and the Natural Science free.	

For farther particulars address,
B. J. HOLLEY SPRUILL,
Principal.
Reference.
Hon. Wm. N. H. Smith, Raleigh.
Judge J. W. Albertson. 24-3m.

LOOK HERE.
A NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

We take pleasure in informing our friends that we have opened a NEW STORE on South Rood Street, which we have filled up with Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Candies and Notions, all of which we will sell at lowest prices.

We pay the highest price for Cotton, Corn, Rags and Produce. Give us a call.

BENJ. B. JOHNSON,
JAMES C. JOHNSON.
E. City, N. C., Nov. 21st, 1872.

NOTICE.

All kinds of Liquors, from common Whisky to the finest French Brandy; also all kinds of Family Grocries for sale by

DASHIELL & PRICE.
Corner Road and Ehringhaus Sts., B. F. Keaton's old stand.
Sept. 4th, 1872.-4t.

NEW GOODS.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE THE ATtention of our friends and the public to our Stock of NEW GOODS, to which we have recently added Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Shoes and Hats. All wishing to make purchases in our line will do well to call and see us bnfore purchasing elsewhere; as we are determined not to be undersold.

O. C. HORTON & CO.
S. E. Cor. Road and Lawrence Street,
19-1y. Elizabeth City, N. C.

State of North Carolina, } In Superior Court.
Tyrrell County. }

James M. Ludford, Guar. to Chas. and Martha Swain, Plt'ff.
Against.
G. A. Styron, F. F. Jones, F. H. H. Cooper, Jones McCleese Jr., P. Brickhouse and R. W. Wharton, Adm'r of B. F. Styron, Def't.

SUMMONS TO SPRING TERM 1873.

In the above stated cause, affidavit having been made and filed, to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendent, G. A. Styron has departed from this State, with intent to defraud his creditors, or keeps himselfs concealed so that a summons cannot be served on him, and that a cause of action exist against him, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the NORTH CAROLINIAN a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, N. C., notifying the said defendent to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, on the first Monday in February 1873, and answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, or the Plaintiff will take judgement against him for four thousand two hundred dollars with interest from 25th of February 1871, and for costs.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court this the 6th day of December 1872.

ELI SPRUILL,
26-6t. Clerk of Superior Court.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company will be held at their office, No. 46 Roanoke avenue, Norfolk, Va., on THURSDAY, the 9th January, 1873, at 12 o'clock M. A full attendance is requested, as important business will be presented for consideration.

By order of the President.
JOHN E. DOYLE, Treasurer.
Dec. 18th, 1872.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE
FOR 1873.

The GUIDE is now published Quarterly. 25 cents pays for the year, for numbers, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of *One Dollar* or more for Seeds may also order Twenty-five cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide.

The *January Number* is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Designs for Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and containing a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.—One Hundred and Fifty pages, on fine tinted paper, some Five Hundred Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover.—The First Edition of Two Hundred Thousand just printed in English and German, and ready to send out.

24-4t. JAMES VICK, Rochester N. Y.

FARM AND STOCK FOR SALE.

I will sell my farm, situated in Chowan county, 10 miles North of Edenton, and on the Sandy Ridge Road. With the farm I will also sell one hundred and fifty head of Cattle.

This is a good farm for a small farmer and is in a healthy section. it lies near a splendid range for stock. It is peculiarly adapted to the raising of Truck, Corn and Cotton. Terms easy.

For further information apply to
D. V. ETHERIDGE,
Edenton, N. C.
Or, J. W. ETHERIDGE,
23-5t. Manteo, Dare Co., N. C.

NOTICE!
Chas. C. Price, jr.
has removed his "JUNK STORE"
to the "Water"—next door to
Shannon's Provision Depot—
where he will be pleased to
buy (and pay CASH
for) all articles
in his line—
such as
Woolen
and Cotton
Rags, Iron, Metals, Hides, Furs of
all descriptions, Beeswax,
Feathers, Wool, Cotton, Net,
Seine, Rope, Bagging, Canvas,
Waste Paper, Books, all kinds
of empty Barrels, together with
Black & Black-Eyed Peas,
Chickens, Ducks, Eggs,
Hickory Nuts, Walnuts, etc., etc.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., JAN. 1st, 1873.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,
ON ROAD STREET, IN THE BARNEY TISDALE STORE.
ARE JUST OPENING A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY AND WHITE GOODS, CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS, TRUNKS,
Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,
Fresh from the New York Markets, at prices lower than have been reached before in this Market.
All the New and Fashionable Goods constantly kept on Hand.
This Stock will be kept replenished from the best Markets in the Country. Clothing made to order and fit guaranteed. Call and see our goods.
ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

PLANING MILL
AT
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber has leased the large PLANIN MILL of the Land & Lumber Company and is prepared to continue the business in all its departments on a much larger scale than heretofore.

He is prepared to furnish
FLOORING,
SIDING,
DOORS,
SASH,
WINDOW
FRAMES,
BLINDS,
BRACKETS,
MOULDINGS,
AND FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL
WOOD WORK OF ALL
KINDS.
ORDERS SOLICITED
AND PROMPTLY
FILLED. Address
D. S. KRAMER.
Elizabeth City, N. C. 8-tf.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE
Estate of Edgar R. Latham.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Edgar R. Latham, of Washington County, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

M. B. CULPEPPER, Assignee,
Elizabeth City, N.C.
c—3

Items.

Camphor kept in a linen bag, and placed in drawers, will effectually keep away moths from clothes, &c.

It is calculated that $80,000,000 are invested in this country in the manufacture of agricultural impliments.

A good lotion for a sprain is camphorated spirit, common vinegar, spirits of of turpentine, one ounce of each.

Insects in vines may be destroyed by mixing two pounds each of flour of sulphur, powdered tobacco, and soft soap, in six gallons of water boiled for half an hour. Apply lukewarm.

The application of raw linseed oil, applied night and morning, is said to be an effectual cure and preventative of chapped hands.

To renew ribbons, wash them in cool suds, made of soap, and iron when damp. Cover with a clean cloth and iron over it.

A good washing liquor for coarse articles, floors, &c., may be made by mixing slacked lime, half a pound; soda, one pound; water, six quarts. Boil it two hours, let it settle, and strain.

To remove stains from mourning dresses, boil a handful of fig-leaves in two quarts of water, until reduced to a pint. Bombazines, crapes, cloth, &c., need only be rubbed with a sponge dipped in this liquor.

To prevent snails and worms crawling up trees, form a paste with train oil and soot, and lay it on in a circle round the tree, a few inches above the ground, and it will form a barrier over which insects or worms will not pass.

To make cloth, linen, and canvas waterproof, brush the cloth with a solution of isinglass, and when dry with a solution of nutgalls. The last solution changes the gelatine mass of isinglass into a leather like substance.

To take stains from silk, mix together in a phial two ounces of lemon, and one ounce of oil of turpentine. Grease and other spots in silk are to be rubbed gently with a linen rag dipped in this mixture.

A good paste for cleaning brass may be made by rotton-stone, two ounces; oxalic acid, half an ounce; sweet oil, three quarters of an ounce; turpentine, enough to make a paste. Apply it with a little water.

To keep knives from rusting, scour them on a board, crosswise, with some dry brick, after having wiped them perfectly dry, and put them away without wiping off the brick dust.

The presence of cotton in flanel may be detected by boiling a fragment or sample of it in a solution of potash. The flanel will be converted into soap, whereas the cotton will be but little altered and may be collected and weighed.

To clean a steel pen, place it over a gas-light for a few seconds, then dip it in water, and it will again be in a good condition to write with. Also any new pen which is too hard to write with will become softer by being heated in the same way.

During the recent farmers' assembly at Richmond, the importance was urged of obtaining separate quotations of Spring and Winter Wheat in the great grain markets of the country, and it was claimed that a general movement ought to be made in this direction.

Poisons of any description which have been intentionally or accidentally swallowed, may be rendered almost instantly harmless by simply swallowing two gills of sweet oil. An individual with a strong constitution might take more. The oil will neutralize every form of vegetable, animal, or mineral poisons.

The Southern Planter and Farmer asserts that what the South needs is not legislation but educated labor—not hired labor, but labor sufficiently interested in the permanent improvement of the land, to devote all its energies, mental and physical, to the accomplishment of this end.

There were two adjoining fields with pigs in each. One had apple trees, the pigs eat freely of the fallen fruit all through the season and escaped disease, while those over the fence and deprived of apples nearly all died of cholera Fact, vouched for by an Indiana farmer

Farmers' Clubs.

We have repeatedly urged the organization of Farmers' Clubs in all rural districts throughout the country, however remote from the busy centres of trade and commerce. Farmers, stock-raisers and dairymen are awakening to the necessity of united action in a matter of such vital importance to their common interests. Yet there is not that unanimity and conent of action essential to the furtherance of this object that there should be to bring about successful results. Now and then we hear of a Farmers' Club being organized in a particular locality, but the incentive is too often the evanescent desire to appropriate the honor for prize pumpkins, cranberry jam, mammoth pigs and fattened oxen, rather than the advancement of the general good. That all-important object, *self*, predominates just at the time when "self," with the least possible sacrifice, would be best subserved. Neighbor B. does not like to have it known that neighbor C. raised ten bushels of corn to the acre more than he did, or that his stock of grade, Alderneys and Short Horns are a trifle better than his own. Let "Excelsior" be the motto with all, and the comparisons at our annual fairs in future will be *good, better, best*, in lieu of *good, bad, indifferent*. Thus, instead of being actuated by a petty jealousy, an honorable emulation will have been inspired, that seldom fails to produce great results.

Substitute for Chloroform.—Dr. Richardson has read to the British association an account of his investigations into the use of various ethers and alcohols in medicine and surgery. He finds that it is becoming possible to predict the action of new compounds with great exactness from their chemical composition, to remove sources of inconvenience or of danger. By this line of work he hopes to arrive ultimately at an agent that will supersede chloroform and its analogues, and that will suspend sensation without danger of life. As a step in this direction he mentions "tri-ethylic ether," a new anæsthetic substance, from which excellent results ma be expected.

A small family in Petersburg has employed eighty-five colored cooks in the course of twelve months.

The epizooty killed 25,000 horses in New York city.

Massachusetts has a turkey that has laid 139 eggs this year.

Boston landladies discharge all boarders who refuse to be vaccinated.

GEO. D. POOL'S COLUMN.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A farm of 700 acres in Pasquotank County 10 miles from town, with fine two story dwelling, large barn, kitchen and other outhouses; as also, two other dwellings, barns and other houses at different points on the farm. This farm is all cleared but 150 acres, is free from swamps and other waste land, and is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, &c. The price is $14,000 in easy payments.

A farm of 500 acres in Pasquotank County 6 miles from town, and one mile from the River, with good new dwelling built in modern style, barn, stables, four tenant houses scattered over the farm, fine water, &c. This farm is situated on the most public road in the County, has 300 acres cleared and balance in splendid pine, oak, cypress, maple, sweet gum, and other valuable timber. It is peculiarly adapted to raising cotton, $50 per acre, net, having been realized on a part of it this year in cotton. It also grows corn, wheat, oats, and other crops well. Price $12,000 in easy payments.

A valuable vacant lot in the town of E. City containing a half square, on the principal street in the town immediately opposite Court House square. Has an iron fence in front, fine shrubbery, and is near the large new Hotel just erected, Price $2,000 in easy payments.

Also another valuable vacant lot in same town of two acres, in a good neighborhood, with a new and valuable fence 9 feet high around it. Price $1,000 in easy payments.

A lot of three acres of land in the suburbs of the town, and within convenient distance of the business part of the town, with good two story dwelling, garner, stables, &c. This is a desirable purchase, and is offered for $4,000 in easy payments.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where; and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2,000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotank county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses. **Sold**

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

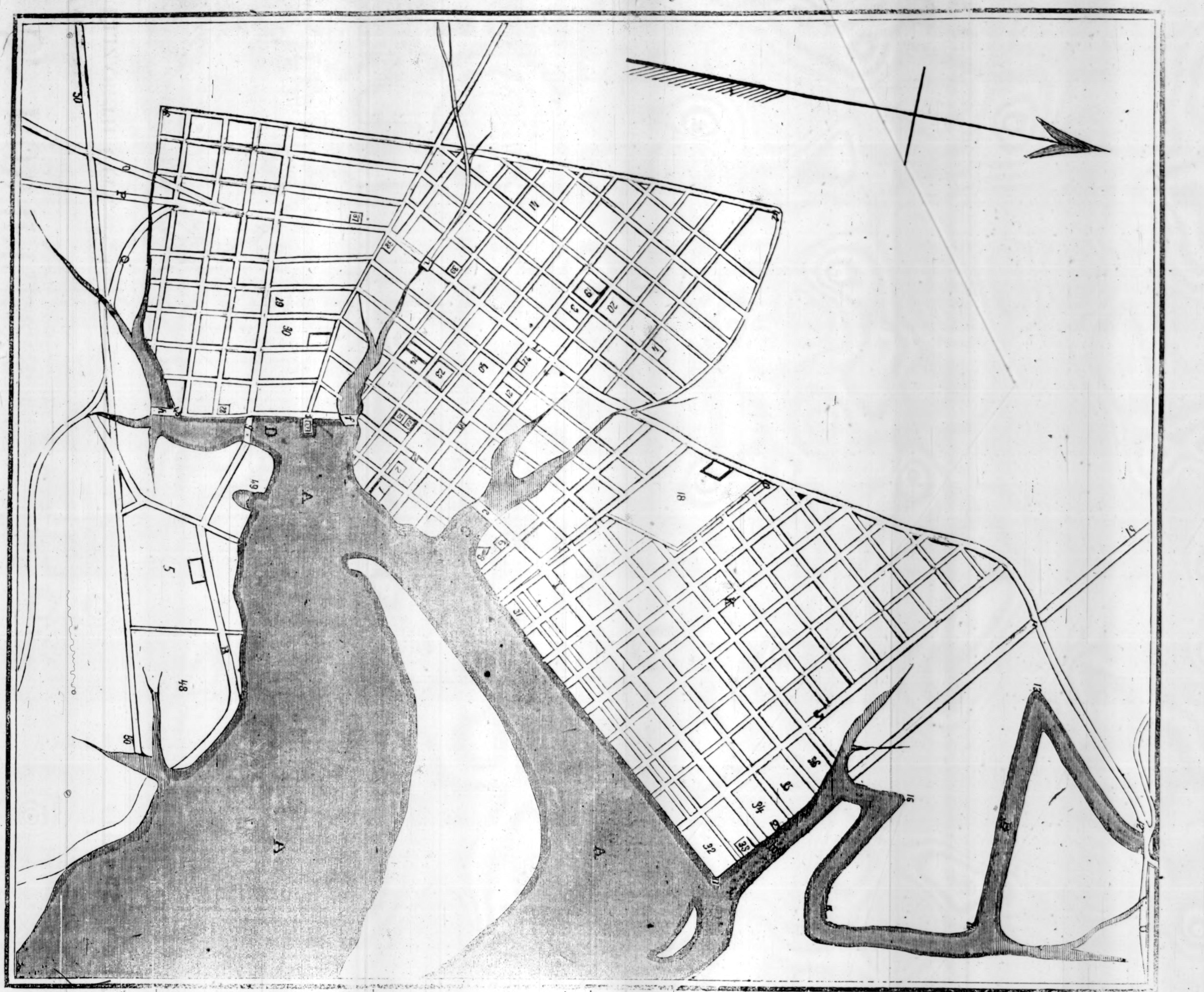
A Farm of 200 acres within one mile of Elizabeth City, with good two story dwelling, large barn and stables, and all necessary outhouses, orchard of fine fruit trees, and a large number of ornamental trees and shrubbery around dwelling. This farm is on one of the most public roads in the County—is in a high state of cultivation—has fine and durable fences, &c. Altogether, it is the richest land and most desirable location, anywhere in the neighborhood of the town. Price $6000—one-half cash, balance in easy payments.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9181.

MAP OF ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.



NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERY.—

H. WERTHEIMER.

24 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Keeps on hand a full line of Linen Goods, such as Sheetings, in all widths, Shirtings, Towels, Crashes, Table Damasks, Napkins and Doyles, Table and Crumb Cloths, a large assortment of Cotton Sheetings from 4-4 to 12-4, the very best makes.

A splended assortment of White Goods and Quilts, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Matting Rugs, &c., &c.

Special attention is called to the Upholstery and Paper-Hangings. A large stock of Wall Papers at very reduced prices.

Damasks, Plain and Striped Reps, Lace Curtains, Dimitys, French, English, and American Furniture Calicos, to which Particular Attention is called.

April 13, 1871-1y.

THE CHEAP STOVE STORE,
No. 4 WIDE WATER STREET,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Having the largest and most complete assortment of *Cook and Heating Stoves* to be found south of Baltimore, I can offer inducements to buyers which cannot be found elsewhere. Parties in want of stoves will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing, as I am determined to sell as low as the Northern cities. Every stove sold by me warranted, and if it does not prove as represented, the money will be returned. (Forty-five pieces of furniture with each cook stove.)

I have also on hand a full stock of Tin Ware, Japanned Ware, Lamp Goods of all kind, Toilet Ware, &c., wholesale and retail.

☞ Guttering, Roofing, and Repairing, of all kinds, done in the best manner and on the most reasonable terms.

J. R. GILLETT,
ap13-1y. Wide Water St. Norfolk, Va.

GRANT, MANN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS

And dealers in

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

WINDOW SHADES

AND

CARPETS,

Johnson's Hall, Main St.,

NORFOLK, VA.

Prices Lower than Northern Markets.

Dealers and consumers wanting goods in our line will do well to give us a call before selecting, as they may find it to their advantage.

Keep constantly on hand all kinds of

FURNITURE,

which we offer at very small advance on price of manufacture.

Call attention to our large stock of

Mattings and Oil Cloths,

which offer at old prices, notwithstanding the advance over last season's prices.

Special attention given to all orders.

GRANT, MANN & CO.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—

A thorough cure for Piles, Corns and Bunions.

The subscriber has been successful in becoming the Proprieter of two wonderful medicines, to wit; the "PILE REMEDY" and the "CORN AND BUNION EXTERMINATOR" which are proving effectual in relieving and curing these troublesome diseases. He secured the receipt from the celebrated Dr. KORCHING, the only East Indian "Medicinal man" who ever visited this country. The Kemedies are already doing wonders in persorming remarkable cures as certificates in the Proprietor's possession will testify. Let those who are suffering give it a trial and it will certainly relieve them.

The "Pile Remedy" is put up in $1. bottles. The "Corn Exterminator" is put up in 25c., 50c. and 75c, boxes. Full Directions accompany both. Address,

CAPT. WM. H. LYON,
Sole Proprietor.
20-tf. Elizabeth City, N.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is taken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate. 22-1y

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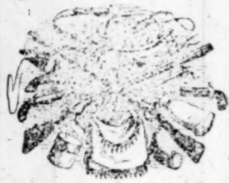
TO SPORTSMEN.—



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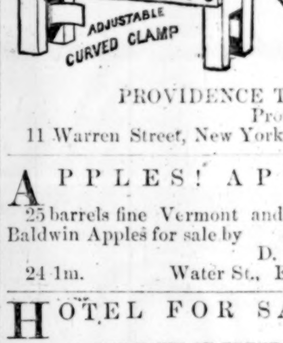

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